# Detailed Project Report for Construction of 600 EWS Houses under

BLC mode of Pradhan Mantri AwasYojana (PMAY)-HFA (U)

for Konnagar Municipality for 2017-18

2017-18



MUNICIPAL ENGINEERING DIRECTORATE, GOVT. OF WEST BENGAL BIKASH BHAVAN, SALT LAKE, KOLKATA-91

#### **PREFACE**

Pradhan MantriAwasYojana (PMAY) aims at Providing Housing for All (HFA) by 2022 when the Nation Complete 75 years of its independence.

The urban homeless persons contribute to the economy of the cities and thus the Nation as cheap labour in the informal sector; yet they live with no shelter or social security. The urban homeless service with many challenges like no access to elementary Public Services such as health, education, food, water and sanitation.Pradhan MantriAwasYojona (PMAY) also aims at providing a pucca house to every family with water connection, toilet facilities, 24 X 7 electricity supply and access.

The Mission seeks to address the housing requirement of urban poor including slum dwellers through "In Situ" Slum Redevelopment, Affordable Housing through credit linked subsidy, and Affordable Housing in partnership and subsidy for beneficiary led individual house. Under the mission, beneficiaries can take advantage under one component only.

Total beneficiaries of the scheme are 600 nos from slum and Non Slum projected for the year 2017-1.

Total cost of the project is Rs. 2428.80 lakhs as per relevant department & P.W.D. schedule of rates.

### **Executive Summary**

**Project Details** 

	1 Toject Details		
1	Name of the State:		West Bengal
2	Name of the District:	1	Hoogly
3	Name of the City:	2	Konnagar
4	Project Name:	:	HFA-KONNAGAR 2017-18
5	Project Cost (Rs. in Lakhs)		2,428.80
6	Central Share (Rs. in Lakhs)	:	900.00
7	State Share (Rs. in Lakhs)	*	1,268.40
8	ULB Share (Rs. in Lakhs)	*	110.40
9	Beneficiary share (Rs. in Lakhs)	:	150.00
10	Total Infrastructure Cost (Rs. in Lakhs)		220.80
11	Percentage of Infrastructure Cost of Housing Cost	:	10
	Infrastructure Cost per Dwelling Unit (Rs. in Lakhs)	:	0.368
13	Year of Implementation	:	2017-18
14	Component Housing Construction	:	Beneficiary Led Construction (BLC)
15	SOR Adopted	*	PWD (WB) w.e.f 1.7.14 with current corrigendum

#### Project Contributions (Physical + Financial ) (Rs. in Lakh)

SI	Scheme Component	Туре	Qty	Unit	Rate (in Rs/Unit)	Proposed Project Cost (In Lakh)	Appraised Project Cost (In Lakh)	Central Share (Rs. 1,5Lakh/ DU)	State Govt. Share (Rs. 1.93Lakh/ DU)		Beneficiaries Share @ 0.25 Lakh/DU)
						A. HO	USING				
1	New in-situ										
)	Single Storied Units		600	Nos	368000.00	2,208.00	2,208.00	900.00	1,158.00	0.00	150.00
	Total Ho	using C	ost Sub	Total (A	<b>(</b> )	2,208.00	2,208.00	900,00	1,158.00	0.00	150.00
					В.	INFRAST	RUCTURE	C			
Si	Scheme Component	Туре	Qty	Unit	Rate (in Rs/Unit)	Proposed Project Cost (In Lakh)	Appraised Project Cost (In Lakh)	Central Share (Rs. in Lakh)	State Govt. Share ( @50%) (in Lakh)	ULB Share (@50%) (in Lakh)	Beneficiari es Share (in Lakh)
						1ROAL	S				
1.	Cement Concrete Roads	2.6m. wide	5159		4097	211.37	211.37	0.00	105.68	105.68	0.00
	4				2.	WATER S	UPPLY				
1	Internal Pipeline	Na	600	1572	9.43	9.43	0.00	4.72	4.71	0.00	600
				4,	3 STO	RM WATE	R DRAINS				1
				I	1						

Na	Na	Na	Na	Na	Na	Na	Na	Na	Na	Na	Na
	Total Infrastructure Cost Sub Total (B)		220.80	220.80	0.00	110.40	110.40	0.00			
	GRAND TOTAL (A+B)				2,428.80	2,428,80	900.00	1,268.40	110.40	150.00	

Signature of the ULB level Competent Technical

officer Name & Designation: Shibayour Gunguly.

Fax No: 033-2674-0210

Telephone No: 2674-0210

Signature of the State level Competent Technical Officer

Name & Designation:Chief Engineer, MeDte, GoWB Bikash Bhavan, South Block, 1St Floor, Salt lake, Kol-91

Fax No:

033-23375474

Telephone No:

033-23371331

E-mail: Konnogar municipality Egmail. Com

ce medte@yahoo. com

Signature

Director(SUDA)

Name & Designation:

Sri Sutanu Prasad

Kar, IAS, Director, SUDA

rax No:

033-23585767

Telephone No:

Name & Designation: BAPPADITYA CHATTERJEE CHAIRMAN

Fax No:

033-2674-0210

033-23585767

Telephone No: 2674 - 0210

Signature of the Mayor/ Chairperson Municipal

Kongurissionicipality

E-mail:

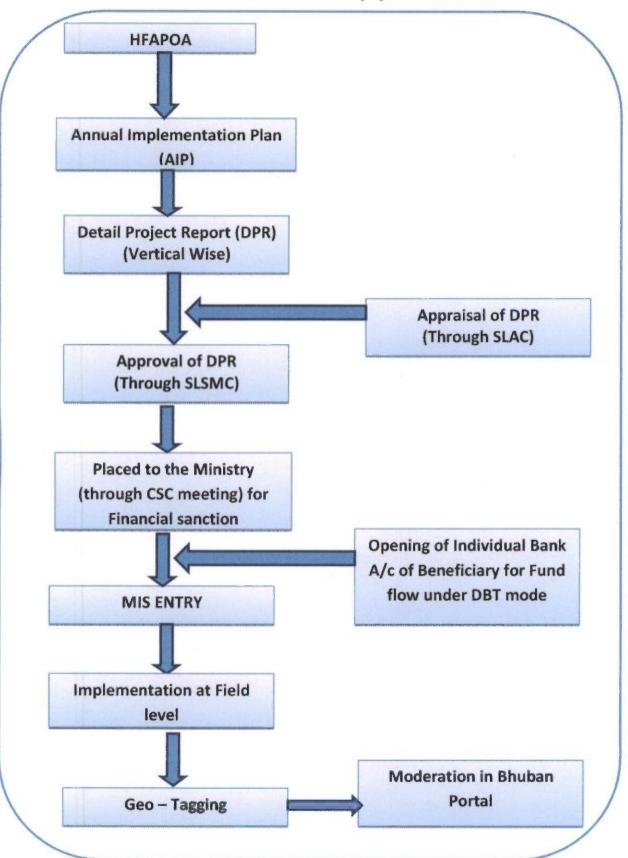
wbsudadir@gmail.com

E-mail: konnagar. municipality @ gmail. Cam

# Implementation Schedule 2017-18

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Activity		Preparation of field works & MIS entry	Construction of Single storied	DU including 8 & P, Elec.	Geo-tagging of	na	Insfrastructure Works(Tenderin	g formalities and Implementation	TOT TIESTO WORKS
SI.		1.0	9		0			4.0	

#### Work flow of PMAY - HFA (U) for 2017-18



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#### Introductory Note by Chairman



I would like to take this privilege to inform you that the Konnagar Municipality has finished the preparation of **DPR of BLC for 2017-18**. The information provided in the document is absolutely flawless and reliable.

In this regard I would like to thank all the municipal staff, ward committee members, respective ward councilors, TPO, who have rendered their valuable services towards the completion of this plan document. I would also take this opportunity to thank SUDA and MA Dept. for their guidance as and when it was required.

I wish that this **DPR of BLC for 2017-18** will enable Konnagar Municipality to design comprehensive development of its jurisdiction.

We are indebted to all of our Municipal Officials, local business persons for their continuing work and cooperation. We take this opportunity to express our deep sense of thankfulness to the people of our locality who, in spite of their limitations, took part with zeal in the awareness campaigns, meetings and workshops.

Chairman

Kannagar Municipality

hairman Konnagar Municipality

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#### **Abbreviation**

A&OE	Administrative and Other Expenses	MoA	Memorandum of Agreement
AHP	Affordable Housing in Partnership	МоНUРА	Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation
AIP	Annual Implementation Plan	MoU	Memorandum of Understanding
CDP	City Development Plan	IIT	Indian Institute of Technology
CLS	Credit linked subsidy	NA	Non Agricultural (NA)
CNA	Central Nodal Agencies	NBC	National Building Code
CSMC	Central Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee	NHB	National Housing Bank
DIPP	Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion	NOC NPV	No Objection Certificate  Net Present Value
DPR	Detailed Project Report	PLI	Primary Lending Institution
EMI	Equated Monthly Instalment	SFCPoA	Slum Free City Plan of Action

EWS	Economically Weaker Section	SLAC	State Level Appraisal Committee
FAR	Floor Area Ratio	SLNA	State level Nodal Agencies
FSI	Floor Space Index	SLSMC	State Level Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee
HFA	Housing for All		
HFAPoA	Housing for All Plan of Action	TDR	Transfer of Development Rights
HUDCO	Housing and Urban Development Corporation	TPQMA	Third Party Quality Monitoring Agency
IEC	Information Education & Communication	ULB	Urban Local Body
IFD	Integrated Finance Division	UT	Union Territory
LIG	Low Income Group	MD	Mission Directorate

#### **Working Definitions**

Affordable Housing Project:	Housing projects where 35% of the houses are constructed for EWS category
Beneficiary	A beneficiary family will comprise husband, wife and unmarried children.  The beneficiary family should not own a pucca house (an all weather dwelling unit) either in his/her name or in the name of any member of his/her family in any part of India.
Carpet Area	Area enclosed within the walls, actual area to lay the carpet. This area does not include the thickness of the inner walls
Central Nodal Agencies	Nodal Agencies identified by Ministry for the purposes of implementation of Credit linked subsidy component of the mission
Economically Weaker Section (EWS):	EWS households are defined as households having an annual income up to Rs. 3,00,000 (Rupees Three Lakhs). States/UTs shall have the flexibility to redefine the annual income criteria as per local conditions in consultation with the Centre.
EWS House	An all weather single unit or a unit in a multi-storeyed super structure having carpet area of upto 30 sq. m. with adequate basic civic services and infrastructure services like toilet, water, electricity etc. States can determine the area of EWS as per their local needs with information to Ministry.
"Floor Area Ratio" (FAR)/FSI	The quotient obtained by dividing the total covered area (plinth area) on all the floors by the area of the plot:  FAR =Total covered area on all the floors x 100  Plot area
	If States/Cities have some variations in this definition, State/City definitions will be

	accepted under the mission
Implementing Agencies	Implementing agencies are the agencies such as Urban Local Bodies, Development Authorities, Housing Boards etc. which are selected by State Government/SLSMC for implementing Housing for All Mission.
Low Income Group (LIG):	LIG households are defined as households having an annual income between Rs.3,00,001 (Rupees Three Lakhs One) up to Rs.6,00,000 (Rupees Six Lakhs). States/UTs shall have the flexibility to redefine the annual income criteria as per local conditions in consultation with the Centre.
Primary Lending Institutions (PLI)	Scheduled Commercial Banks, Housing Finance Companies, Regional Rural Banks (RRBs), State Cooperative Banks, Urban Cooperative Banks or any other institutions as may be identified by the Ministry
Slum	A compact area of at least 300 population or about 60-70households of poorly built congested tenements, in unhygienic environment usually with inadequate infrastructure and lacking in proper sanitary and drinking water facilities.
State Land Nodal Agencies (SLNAs)	Nodal Agency designated by the State Governments for implementing the Mission
Transfer of Development Rights (TDR)	TDR means making available certain amount of additional built up area in lieu of the area relinquished or surrendered by the owner of the land, so that he can use extra built up area himself in some other land.

#### **Brief Project Details**

Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) aims at Providing Housing for All (HFA) by 2022 when the Nation Complete 75 years of its independence.

The urban homeless persons contribute to the economy of the cities and thus the Nation as cheap labour in the informal sector; yet they live with no shelter or social security. The urban homeless people are not getting service with many challenges like no access to elementary Public Services such as health, education, food, water and sanitation. Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojona (PMAY) also aims at providing a pucca house to every family with water connection, toilet facilities, 24 X 7 electricity supply and access.

The Mission seeks to address the housing requirement of urban poor including slum dwellers through "In Situ" Slum Redevelopment, Affordable Housing through credit linked subsidy, and Affordable Housing in partnership and subsidy for beneficiary led individual house. Under the mission, beneficiaries can take advantage under one component only.

Total beneficiaries of the scheme are 600 nos from slum and Non Slum projected for the year 2017-18.

Total cost of the project is Rs. 2428.80 lakhs as per relevant department & P.W.D. schedule of rates.

## Annexure 7C (Para 14.5 of the Guidelines)

#### Format for Project under Beneficiary Led Construction Or Enhancement

1	Name of the State:						1	West I	Bengal		
2	Name of the District:	:						Hoo	ogły	<del></del>	
3	Name of the City:	:				-		Konr			
4	Project Name:	2				HFA	-KC		GAR 2	017-18	
5	Project Code:	٥		19801730024N0							
6	State Level Nodal Agency:			9	State	e Urhan				ency (SUDA	)
7	Implementing Agency/ ULB	:			June						9
8	Date of Approval by State Level Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee (SLSMC)	4.8		Konnagar Municipality							
9	No. of location covered in project: No of Slum Area Covered & No of Non Slum	ocation covered in Location beneficial No of Slum Area		No. of neficiario	Ni11199 /		If Slum, then Slum type	If slum, whether it gets completely rehabilitate d			
	Area Covered		Konnag Municip Area	oal		600	Covering both Slui & Non- Slum are		Slum Non-	Notified	No
1	Project Cost (Rs. In Lakhs)	:				-		2,42			
1 1	No. of beneficiaries covered in the project	*	GEN	SC		ST	(	OBC	Total	Minority	Person with Disability
		4.	595	4		1		0	600	42	0
1 2	Whether beneficiary have been selected as PMAY Guidelines?	1						Ye	es		
1 3	No. of Houses constructed / acquired. Please specify ownership (Any of these)	63	Joint		Fen	nale	M	ale		Transgen	der
J	ownership (Any of these)		0		1	53	4	47		0	
1	No. of beneficiaries covered in		Male		Fen	nale	Transgender				
4	the project	:	447		1:	53	0				
1 5	Whether it has been ensured that selected beneficiaries have rightful ownership of the land?		Yes								
1	Whether building plan for all houses have been Approved?	\$2						Ye	es		
1 7	i. GoI grant required (Rs. 1.5 lakh per eligible beneficiary) (Rs. in Lakhs)	:						900			
	ii. State grant, (Rs. in Lakhs)	1						1,26			
	iii, ULB grant (Rs. in Lakhs)	2						110	.40		

	iv. Beneficiary Share (Rs. in Lakhs)	100	150.00
	v. Total (Rs. in Lakhs)	*	2,428.80
1 8	Whether technical specification / design for housing have been ensured as per Indian Standards	**	Yes
	/ NBC/ State Norms? Whether it has been ensured		
1 9	that balance cost of construction is tied up with State Grant, ULB Grant & Beneficiary Share?		Yes
	Whether trunk and line infrastructure is existing or being provisioned?	ः	
	i. Water Supply	*	Yes
	ii. Sewerage	:	No
	iii. Road		Yes
	iv. Storm Water Drain	1	Yes
	v. External Electrification		Yes
	vi. Solid Waste Management		Yes
	vii. Any Other		Yes
	viii. In case, any infrastructure has not been proposed, reason thereof.	*	Sewerage Scheme has not been proposed due to desired level of supply of water as CPHEEO norms has not been achieved.
2 0	Whether disaster (earthquake, flood, cyclone, landslide etc.) resistant features have been adopted in concept, design and implementation of the project?	**	Yes
2	Whether Demand Survey Completed for entire city?	1	Yes
2 2	Whether City-wide integrated project have been formulated? If not reasons thereof?	4	Yes
2 3	Whether validation with SECC data for housing condition conducted ?	7.	Yes
2 4	Whether Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) of fund to individual bank account of beneficiary ensured in the project ?	979	Yes
2 5	Whether there is provision in DPR for tracking/monitoring the progress of individual houses through geo-tagged photographs?		Yes
2 6	Whether any innovation/cost effective / Green technology adopted in the project?	**	Yes

2 7	Comments of SLAC after techno economic appraisal of DPR	-	Project covers the most needy beneficiaries
2 8	Project brief including any other information ULB/State would like to furnish		The project covers all wards
2 9	Project Submission Date to SLSMC		

It is hereby confirmed that State/UT and ULB have checked all the beneficiaries as per guidelines of HFA. It is also submitted that no beneficiary has been selected for more than one benefit under the Mission including Credit Linked Subsidy Scheme (CLSS) component of the Mission.

Signature of the Mayor/ Champerson/Municipal Commissioner Chairman M.E Dte, GoWB

Signature Signature

Signature Signature

(Director, SUDA) Signature Signature

(Secretary, UD & MA Department, GoWB)

## **DPR Main Report**

#### City Profile and Overview

#### **History**

In Hooghly district, Konnagar is, situated on the western bank of river Ganges. We find mention of Konnagar in 'Chandimangal' of Kabi Kankan Mukundaram & 'Manashamangal' of Bipradas Peeply. 'Chandimangal' was written sometime in 8<sup>th</sup> decade of 16<sup>th</sup> century from which it can be deduced that the age of Konnagar is now more that 600 years. Mention of Konnagar is also found in the writings of Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay & Rabindranath Tagore. Konnagar is fortunate to have a great man of Maharshi Shibchandra Dev's stature who is considered to be founder of the modern Konnagar. Maharshi Devendranath Tagore had once came here with Rabindranath Tagore in his boyhood to visit Shibchandra Deb's house at Konnagar. Konnagar is again very fortunate to have the footprints of Sri Sri Ramkrishna Deb apart from many other stalwarts in 20<sup>th</sup> Century.

#### Year of Establishment of the Municipality

In 1865, Serampore –Uttarpara Municipality was formed in which present municipal area of Konnagar was included. In 1916, Rishra Konnagar Municipality was formed separately. In the 30's of the 20<sup>th</sup> century electrification of the roads of Konnagar Rishra came into existence.

On 16<sup>th</sup> January 1944, Konnagar Municipality was established, with its nominated board headed by Sri Nrishingha Das Basu as Chairman.

#### **Administrative Boundaries**

Konnagar is bounded by river Bhagirathi in the East and eastern railway line & Rainal Canal in the west. In the North, Rishra Municipality is separated by Bagkhal and in the South, Uttarpara –Kotrang municipality is separated by Amratala Khal.

#### Linkage

Konnagar has a well-knit connection with the remaining parts of the country through rail, road & so also river. Calcutta & Haldia Port is well connected by road network. Calcutta Airport is connected by a very modern road & bridge network diminishing the travel time nearly to half an hour.

#### **Economic Base**

Economic base of the K.M population is mainly on service sector. Some 10% to 15 % are dependent on industry within K.M and neighbourhood.

#### **Demographic Growth**

Total population growth is not matching the level, which is projected upto 2025 for Konnagar Municipal area. It was projected upto 2025 that beside Kolkata, district of Hooghly shows much higher trend of population growth in

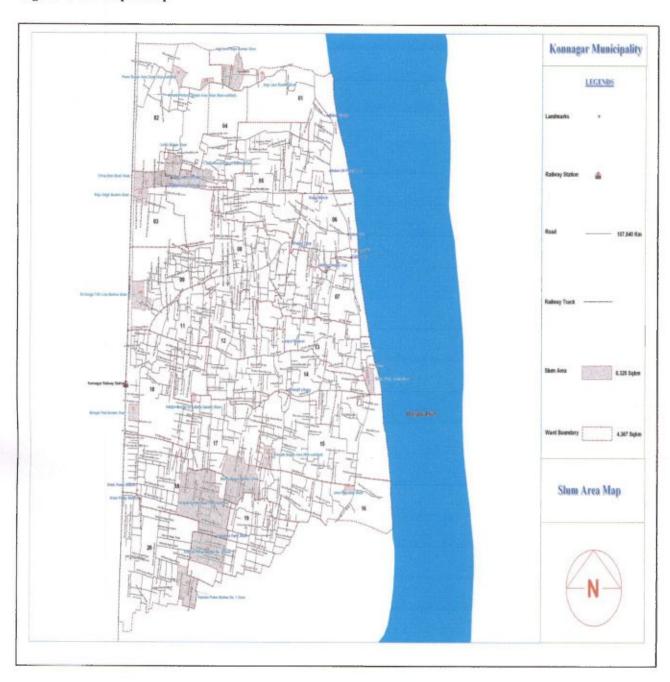
1961-71 but falling gradually through 71-81 & 81-91. The trend was followed at succeeding decade also. At the starting decade it was almost same.

Total population of K.M in 1991 was 62,200 and population density was 13,319 pop. / sq.k.m with growth rate of 16.1% for 10 years. Population in 2001 was 72,211 and population in 2011 was 76152 with growth rate of 5.45%. From above fact it is seen that growth rate fluctuates and decreases abnormally. Population density is becoming 16,306 pop. / sq. k.m. The fact indicates that the population growth in the area is becoming one third than from the growth rate of the previous decade.

Table-2: City at a Glance

SLno	Indicator	2001	2011	2015
1	Area (in SqKm)			
1.1	Planning Area (Sq. Km )	4.67 Sq. Km.	4.67 Sq. Km.	4.67 Sq. Km.
1.2	Municipal Area (Sq. Km)	4.67 Sq. Km.	4.67 Sq. Km.	4.67 Sq. Km.
1.3	Area of Slums (Sq. Km)	0.33 Sq. Km.	0.33 Sq. Km.	0.33 Sq. Km.
2	Number of Municipal Wards	19	20	20
3	Population and Households			
3.1	Total Population (no's in millions)	72177	76172	82037
3.2	Number of Households			
3.3	Density of Population	15455 per sq km	16307 per sq km	17567 per sq kn
3.4	Slum households as percentage of total Households in city	13	14	14
3.5	Current (2015) Population (Year of Survey) (no's in millions)	N	A.	82037
3.6	Current Number (2015) of Households (Year of survey)	NA		20488
3.7	Slum population as percentage of total population in city	N.	14	

Figure-1: Municipal Map



#### Section I: Introduction

"Housing for All" Mission for urban area will be implemented during 2015-2022 and Mission will provide central assistance to implementing agencies through States and UTs for providing houses to all eligible families/beneficiaries by 2022. Mission will be implemented as Centrally Sponsored Scheme (CSS) except for the component 1.2 of credit linked subsidy which will be implemented as a Central Sector Scheme. A beneficiary family will comprise husband, wife, unmarried sons and/or unmarried daughters. The beneficiary family should not own a pucca house either in his/her name or in the name of any member of his/her family in any part of India to be eligible to receive central assistance under the mission. States/UTs, at their discretion, may decide a cut-off date on which beneficiaries need to be resident that urban area for being eligible to take benefits under the scheme. Mission with all its component has become effective from the date 17.06.2015 and will be implemented upto 31.03.2022. All 4041 statutory towns as per Census 2011 with focus on 500 Class I cities would be covered in three phases as follows:

- Phase I (April 2015 March 2017) to cover 100 Cities selected from States/UTs as per their willingness.
- Phase II (April 2017 March 2019) to cover additional 200 Cities•
- Phase III (April 2019 March 2022) to cover all other remaining Cities

Ministry, however, will have flexibility regarding inclusion of additional cities in earlier phases in case there is a resource backed demand from States/UTs.

The HFAPoA for Kannagar has been prepared in accordance with the guidelines issued by Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation, Government of India. Overall approach adopted throughout the preparation of this HFAPoA has been based on four key principles.

- well rounded stakeholder consultations.
- · continuous community involvement,
- providing innovative solutions and
- coordination & validation.

Methodology adopted for preparation of HFAPoA is demonstrated in the below:

- 1) Taking Initiative for Demand Assessment Survey.
- 2) Conducting Orientation Programme with elected representative and officers of ULB.
- 3) Conducting Orientation programme with Supervisors and Enumerators.
- 4) Conducting Demand survey and complete the work.
- 5) Conducting Data Entry of the survey form and complete the work
- 6) Analysis of the data.
- 7) Filling up the requisite formats.
- 8) Planning of project with elected representatives and officers of ULB.

- 9) Preparing investment requirement and Financial plan
- 10) Finalization of HFAPoA.

In context of Konnagar Municipality 76% of households live in pucca or partially pucca houses. Housing condition in its slums is not in good shape as 24% houses are either Katcha or semi-pucca. Considering the above, municipality has already initiated construction of affordable houses in 18 slums spread over 20 wards on a piecemeal basis leveraging BSUP scheme in a phased manner. In the First phase (2008-2012) total 984 houses were constructed in 18 slums spread over 20 wards in BSUP and SUHP. Infrastructure projects like Road, Drain and pipeline work were also targeted in some of the slums. Infrastructure projects like Road, Drain and pipeline work were also targeted in some of the slums.

The following table gives ward-wise construction of urban poor houses planned during 2007-08 till date under IHSDP and SHUP.

Table-3: Housing constructed under the scheme of BSUP

il No	Ward No	PH-I	PH-II	PH-III	Total
1	1		7	5	12
2	2		28	11	39
3	3	32	3	2	37
4	4		39	13	52
5	5		34	15	49
6	6		4	7	11
7	7		6	6	12
8	8		10	11	21
9	9		14	21	35
10	10		2	2	4
11	11	72	9	45	126
12	12		2	71	73
13	13		7	7	14
14	14		7	7	14
15	15		6	9	15
16	16		14	34	48

Wai	d No	PH-I	PH-II	PH-III	Total
7	17		12	38	50
8	18		27	43	70
9	19	24	72	27	123
0	20		61	38	99
		128	364	412	904

Table-4: Housing constructed under the scheme of SHUP

SI No	Ward No	PH-I	Total
1	1	2	2
2	2	4	4
3	3		
4	4	5	5
5	5	3	3
6	6	4	4
7	7	4	4
8	8	4	4
9	9	5	5
10	10	3	3
11	11	5	5
12	12	4	4
13	13	6	6
14	14	4	4
15	15	6	6
16	16	5	5
17	17	3	3
18	18	5	5

Total		80	80
20	20	4	4
19	19	4	4

## Section: 2 Salient features of HFAPoA and its linkage with proposed project and its justification

#### 2.1 General introduction on status and Prioritization for proposed project

In summarizing the HFAPoA of Kannagar Municipality, Kannagar Municipality takes one for implementation of the project i.e. "Beneficiary –led – construction". For this project, Kannagar Municipality conducted Demand Assessment survey for getting total requirement of houses in the ULB. From this survey, the total survey form received 1960. Out of 1133 form received from 18 slums and 827 forms received from non slums. 2627 houses will be constructed through "Beneficiary-led-Construction."

## 2.2. Summary of findings of HFAPoA. Physical infrastructure & Social infrastructure, Spatial, demographic and socio-economic profiles of slums/ Non slums;

Housing for All (HFA) Scheme has since been launched by the Ministry of Housing & Urban Poverty Alleviation (MoHUPA), Govt. of India in Mission mode which envisages provision of Housing for All by 2022 when the Nation completes 75 years of its Independence. The Mission seeks to address the housing requirement of urban poor including slum dwellers through following programme verticals:

- a) Redevelopment of slums with private participation
- b) Promotion of affordable Housing for weaker section through credit linked subsidy
- c) Affordable Housing in partnership with public sectors
- d) Subsidy for beneficiary-led individual house construction.

In compliance with the objective and as per direction of the Ministry of Housing & Urban Poverty Alleviation (MoHUPA) and State Urban Development agency(SUDA), West Bengal was undertake a demand survey through suitable means for accessing the actual demand of housing. For this mission Konnagar Municipality undertook Demand survey on 18.09.2015 and completed the survey on 28.09.2015. From this survey, different information have been took off. Summary of findings of survey have been given below:

Table-5: Distribution of family heads of the slum

	FAMILY	HEAD		
WARD NO	MALE	FEMALE	OTHER	TOTAL
1	82	34		116
2	87	35		122
3	482	87	12	581
4	61	36	]	97
5	60	26		86
6	18	5		23
7	27	10		37
8	16	6	1	23
9	47	22	1	70
10	86	11		97
11	12	5		17
12	0	6		6
13	37	15		52
14	32	11		43
15	90	36		126
16	29	24		53
17	52	18		70
18	85	44	1	130
19	73	46		119
20	53	39		92
Total	1429	516	15	1960

Source; Demand survey,2015

From the above table, it is noticed that Municipality conducted of survey of 1960 household. Out of 1960 households, 1429 households headed by male member, 516 households headed by female member and 15 households headed by other. Ward-wise details are given in the table.

1960 households falls under Form -B (Slum - 1133 & Non-Slum - 827.

Table-06: Religion of the households

Religion										
WARD NO	HINDU	MUSLIM	CHRISTIAN	SIKH	OTHER	BUDDHISM	JAINISM	TOTAL		
1	98	18						110		
2	122							122		
3	506	68	1		6			58:		
4	92	4		1				9		
5	86	0						86		
6	23							23		
7	37							37		
8	23							23		
9	70							70		
10	97							97		
11	17							17		
12	6							(		
13	52							52		
14	43							4		
15	123	2		1	<u> </u>			126		
16	53							53		
17	70							70		
18	130							130		
19	119							119		
20	92							92		

Total	1859	92	1	2	6	0	0	1960
					i			

Source; Demand survey, 2015

From the above table, it is noticed that out of 1960 households, 1859 households falls under Hindu community, 92 households falls under Muslim Community, 1 household falls under Christian community and 2 households fall Sikh community and 6 households are under others. Ward-wise details are given in the table.

Table-7: Ownership details of the households

Ownership Details									
Ward No.	Own	Rented	Otherwise	TOTAL					
1	116			116					
2	121		1	122					
3	561		20	581					
4	97			97					
5	86			86					
6	23			23					
7	37			37					
8	23			23					
9	70			70					
10	97			97					
11	17			17					
12	6			6					
13	52			52					
14	43			43					
15	126			126					
16	53			53					
17	70			70					
18	130			130					
19	119			119					

20	92			92
Total	1939	0	21	1960

Source; Demand survey, 2015 (Note - Only B format)

From the above mentioned table, it implies that Out of total 1960 households, 1939 households have own ownership, 21households lives in others house but they have own land.

Table-8: Housing structure details of the households

Type of house									
Ward No.	Semi pucca	Kucha	TOTAL						
1	115	1	110						
2	120	2	12:						
3	478	103	58:						
4	94	3	97						
5	85	1	86						
6	23		2:						
7	37		37						
8	23		2:						
9	70		70						
10	97		97						
11	17		17						
12	6		6						
13	52		52						
14	43		43						
15	124	2	126						
16	53		53						
17	70		70						
18	130		130						
19	114	5	119						

20	91	1	92
Total	1842	118	1960

Source; Demand survey, 2015 (Note - Only B format)

From the above table, it shows that, out of total 1960 households, 1842 households lives in semi-pucca structure house and 118 households lives in kucha structure house. Ward-wise details are given in the table.

Table-9: Type of Housing requirement details of the households

TYPE OF HOUSING REQUIRMENT								
WARD NO	ENHANCMENT	NEW HOUSE	TOTAL					
1	0	116	116					
2	0	122	122					
3	0	581	581					
4	0	97	97					
5	0	86	86					
6	0	23	23					
7	0	37	37					
8	0 23		23					
9	0	70						
10	0	97	97					
11	0	17	17					
12	0	6	6					
13	0	52	52					
14	0	43	43					
15	0	126	126					
16	0	53	53					
17	0	70	70					
18	0	130	130					

<b>Total</b>		1960	1960
20	0	92	92
19	0	119	119

Source; Demand survey, 2015

From the above table, it is noticed that out of total 1960 households falls under the scheme. From that 1960 household require new house construction. Ward-wise details are given in the table.

Table-10: Caste Details

Caste Details									
Ward No.	General	SC	ST	OBC	Minority	TOTAL			
1	92	6			18	116			
2	117	3		2		122			
3	505	1			75	581			
4	91	1			5	97			
5	82	4				86			
6	21	2				23			
7	34	3				37			
8	23					23			
9	70					70			
10	95	2				97			
11	17					17			
12	6					6			
13	36	15		1		52			
14	43					43			
15	120	3			3	126			
16	53					53			
17	70					70			
18	129	1				130			

	1811	45	0	3	101	1960
20	88	4				92
19	119					119

Source; Demand survey, 2015

There are 1811 households belong to general caste out of 1960 households and 45 households are SC community, 3 households are in OBC and 26 nos households are minority.

In summarizing the HFAPoA of Konnagar Municipality, Konnagar Municipality takes one vertical for implementation of the project i.e. "Beneficiary –led – construction". For this project, Konnagar Municipality conducted Demand Assessment survey for getting total requirement of houses in the ULB. From this survey, the total survey form received 1960. From 1960 forms, 1960 forms for Format B. Out of 1960 form received from 18 slums and 827 from non slums. 1960 houses will be constructed through "Beneficiary-led-Construction".

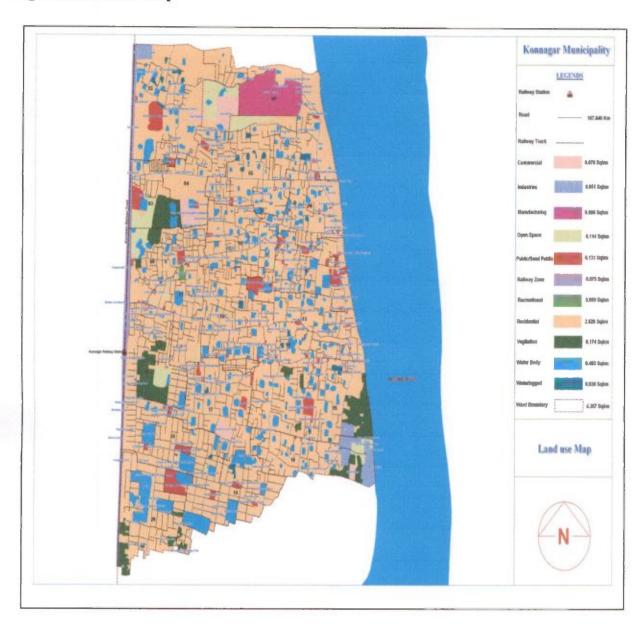
#### Land use and Land availability

Total area of Konnagar Municipality is 4.67 sq. km. Konnagar is mainly a residential zone or area. Residential zone is near about 3 sq km where there is no agricultural zone at Konnagar Municipality. Commercial land is .014 sq. km. and industrial area is .34 sq. km. From this numerical figures below it is easily seen that there is no specific mixed zone. Local economy is mainly service based and industrial based and many people depend on their small businesses. A big portion of ward no 09, 10,11 and 13 are covering by commercial zone because the main Market is situated at ward no 10 and mini markets are at ward no .09 and 13.

Table-11: Land Use Pattern

Sl. No.	Land Use	Area (In Sq. km.)
1	Agriculture	0
2	Residential	3
3	Industrial	0.34
4	Commercial	0.014
5	Mixed	0
6	Public/Semi Public	0.058
7	Recreational	0.006
8	Open, unused land/undeveloped land	0.95
9	Institutional	0.017
10	Roads	0.26
11	Wetlands/Lakes/Tanks	0.006
12	Public parks, squares and garden	0.0195
J	Total	4.6705

Figure-2: Land Use Map



#### Water

The water supply facilities in the slum pockets are inadequate to meet the rising demand of water supply. In spite of number of spot tube wells the slum dwellers do not get sufficient water every day. They have to depend on polluted ponds or distant stand posts or tube wells. Water pipe line, septic tank etc are also needed for the infrastructure development of slums under Konnagar Municipality.

#### Drainage

Haphazard growth and settlement in the slum area has blocked the natural drainage courses, which in turn causes water logging and stagnation in different parts of the town, this accumulated water are carrier of diseases and causes health hazards. The drainage system in the slums is not up to the mark. As a result the slums are worst affected in the rainy season.

Drainage network is a very much important portion of infrastructure. All slums are not covered by drainage at the same time many drains are kaccha and open

#### Road

The road network in the slums is inadequate to cater to the ever-increasing population of the slums. In order to bear the rising population, an increasing civic, economic and commercial activity in the slums, existing road network in several places need either immediate repair and up gradation and construction of new roads to connect very household.

When we consider infrastructure of the slums, it is seen that although the roads are not very much poor but need to construct new bituminous and concrete roads where necessary. So projects on roads have been taken by this way. Bituminous road of total length 6310m of total project cost 51.81 lakhs will be constructed. The demand of 5825m concrete road of width 2mm miters of project cost 136.19 lakhs and the project cost of 2254m concrete road of width 3mm is Rs.77.30 lakhs.

#### Solid waste disposal

Overall management of solid waste is a serious problem to Konnagar Municipality. Although the Municipality is committed to keep the city clean and healthy, by proper scientific disposal and treatment of solid waste generated the existing equipments, man power etc. engaged for this purpose is very much lacking. Efforts are being taken for collection of waste at source by the householders, traders and institutions, but due to lack of public awareness, wastes are thrown outside at random. Recyclable waste materials are also not segregated at source and are disposed off on the streets along with domestic, trade and other wastes. All wastes are being dumped into the municipal drain leading to blockages of the drains and as well as outfalls.

#### Street Light:

The light system in the slum pockets of Konnagar Municipality is insufficient. With an aim to remove prevailing darkness in slum area at night and alleviate the quality of civic life street lights are very important. So installation of electrical posts with extension of line is required in the slum areas.

All slums are not covering by Streetlights. But Street lights are very much important for all people for safe and secured journey. So 311 no. of streetlight pulls will be commissioned of project cost Rs. 63.04 lakhs.

#### Latrine & Toilet:

There are some families in the slums who do not have any access to standard sanitary latrines. 1450 nos households as per Insanitary Latrine survey in 2015 use a dug well latrine enclosed by brick wall. Some use the railway track for defecation.

#### **Project Justification**

For the following reasons Kannagar Municipality selected the slums namely mentioned below as first project for preparation of DPR under HFAPoA (PMAY):

Table-12: Justification of the Project

SI.No	Name of the Slums	Status	Land	Age in years	National High Way	Status of Housings	Road Status	Habitation pattern
1	Jugi Lane Bustee(S.C- 008)	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the ULB	More than 10 years	The National Highway is 1-1.5 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are brick paved or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
2	Chhai Debi Bustee(S.C- 003)	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the ULB	More than 10 years	The National Highway is 1-1.5 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are brick paved or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
3	Jorapukur Area(S.C- 019)	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the ULB	More than 10 years	The National Highway is 1-1.5 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are brick paved or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space

4	Kansari Pukur Bustee No.2(S.C- 014)	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the ULB	More than 10 years	The National Highway is 1-1.5 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are brick paved or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
5	Non Slum	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the ULB	More than 10 years	The National Highway is 1-1.5 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are brick paved or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space

#### 2.3 Tenure Status

As per the demand survey and geographical location of the city out of four verticals municipality has taken only Beneficiary Lead Construction (BLC) for the year 2017-18. In the 2<sup>nd</sup> year of implementation of Housing for All, 600 beneficiaries have been identified for the construction of New House through BLC. The above beneficiaries have been selected only who have their own land required for the construction of new house under BLC.

#### 2.4 Choice of Option/Vertical and its justification for housing and/or infrastructure

- "In-situ" Slum Redevelopment using land as Resource(include viability analysis)
- Credit-Linked Subsidy Scheme (CLSS)
- Affordable Housing in Partnership (AHP)
- Beneficiary-led individual house construction or enhancement

In the case of Kannagar Municipality takes only one vertical i.e. is "Beneficiary led construction". From present Demand Assessment survey for Housing for all (HFA), it is noticed that 1960 household covering under this project. 1960 houses will be constructed through "Beneficiary-led-Construction" Under "Beneficiary-led-Construction" each beneficiary will get 1.5 lakh from central assistance.

Table-13: Slum-wise Intervention strategies for Tenable Slums

Name of the Slum	Area of the Slum in sq. mtrs	Total No. of Slum Households as per Demand Survey*	Proposed Development Strategy  i. Affordable Housing Project (AHP)  ii. Credit Linked Subsidy Scheme (CLSS)  iii. Beneficiary Led Construction  iv. Clubbing with other Tenable Slums**	Proposed Year of Intervention
Jugi Lane Bustee(S.C-008)	0.01906	73	III-BLC(73)	2015-16
Jugi Lane Naya Bustee(S.C-007)	0.00090	15	III-BLC(15)	2017-18
Peara Bagan Area(S.C-015)	0.00643	23	III-BLC(23)	2016-17
Jahar Lal Neheru Sarani Area(S.C018)	0.00278	24	III-BLC(24)	2018-19
Raja Singh Bustee(S.C-002)	0.01597	13	III-BLC(13)	2018-19
Chhai Debi Bustee(S.C-003)	0.00671	433	III-BLC(433)	2015-16
Lichu Bagan Bustee(S.C-004)	0.01270	10	III-BLC(10)	2018-19
C.S.Mukherjee Street Bustee(S.C006)	0.02753	139	III-BLC(139)	2018-19
Sri Durga Talir Line Bustee(S.C-009)	0.01356	36	III-BLC(36)	2017-18
Bengal Fine Bustee(S.C-012)	0.00584	87	III-BLC(87)	2017-18
Harijan Bustee(S.C001)	0.00691	1	III-BLC(1)	2016-17
Bazar Ghat Bustee(S.C-010)	0.00322	5	III-BLC(5)	2017-18
Punjabi Bagan Area(S.C-016)	0.00108	4	III-BLC(4)	2017-18
Jana Para Area(S.C017)	0.04529	10	III-BLC(10)	2016-17
Bechu Bagan Bustee(S.C-011)	0.09138	21	III-BLC(21)	2016-17
Jorapukur Area(S.C-019)	0.03843	75	III-BLC(75)	2015-16
Kansari Pukur Bustee No.2(S.C-014)	0.02205	58	III-BLC(58)	2015-16
Kansari Pukur Bustee No.1(S.C-013)	0.00790	106	III-BLC(106)	2019-2020

Table-14: Year-wise Proposed Interventions for Other Urban Poor based on demand survey

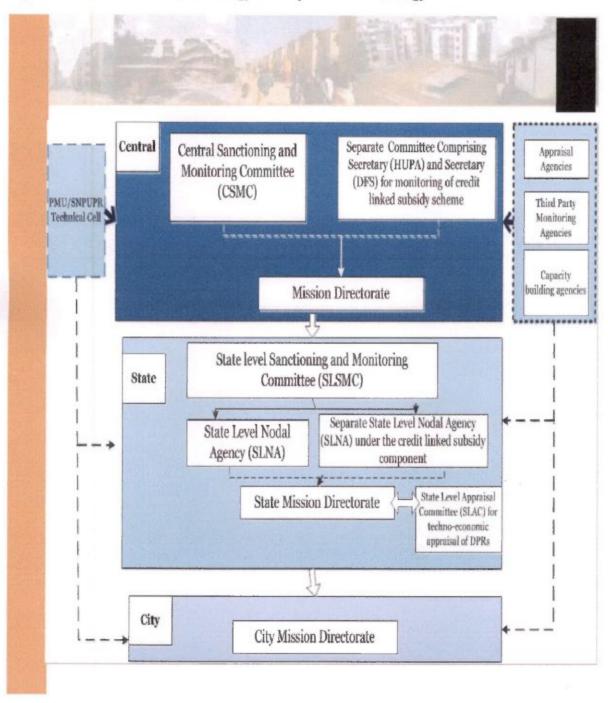
DISENS					and Central A					
Year	Beneficiary Construct		Credit Li Subsi		Affordable in Partne	CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS.	future uri projectio	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Tota	
	No. of Beneficiaries	Amoun	No. of Beneficiarie	Amoun t	No. of Beneficiarie s	Amoun t	no of beneficiar	amount	No. of Beneficiarie s	Amoun t
2015 -16	163	2.44	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	163	2.44
2016 -17	325	4.88	0	0	0	0	66	0.99	391	5.87
2017 -18	176	2.64	0	0	0	0	34	0.51	210	3.15
2018 -19	82	1.23	0	0	0	0	34	0.51	116	1.74
2019 -20	81	1.22	0	0	0	0	106	1.59	187	2.81

Tota	827	12	0	0	0	0	240	3.60	1067	16.00
2021	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00
2020	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00

# 2.5 Resource mobilization strategy and Implementation strategy

Physical and social infrastructure require to develop in slum and non slum area to be covered another central and state schemes like 13<sup>th</sup> FC, 4<sup>th</sup> SFC, and UWES etc. Beneficiaries belong to pro poor families, unable to contribute the beneficiary contribution under HFA project should be cover under project of SUHP funded by State Government.

Figure-3: Resource mobilization strategy and Implementation strategy



### Roles and responsibilities of the Institutions:

### Central Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee (CSMC)

 An inter-ministerial committee under Chairpersonship of Secretary (HUPA) for implementation of the Mission, approvals there under and monitoring.

#### Indicative Functions of CSMC

- Overall review and Monitoring of the Mission
- Assessing resource requirement based on HFAPoA and AIP submitted by States/UTs
- Approval of central releases under various components of the Mission
- Approval of Capacity Building Plans of States/UTs
- Devising financial and other norms for various activities undertaken as part of the Mission
- Approval of Annual Quality Monitoring Plans, Social Audit plans etc.
- · Any other important issues required for implementation of the Mission.

### State Level Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee (SLSMC)

#### Indicative functions of SLSMC

- Approval of Housing for All Plan of Action (HFAPoA)
- Approval of Annual Implementation Plan
- Approval of DPRs under various components of the Mission
- Approval of Annual Quality Monitoring Plans
- Reviewing progress of approved projects in the State and cities
- · Monitoring of implementation of Mission
- Any other issues required for effective implementation of the Mission.

# Section 3: Project Concept and Scope

### 3.1 Introduction of slum(s)/non Slum Area

Under section-3 of the Slum Area Improvement and Clearance Act, 1956, slums have been defined as mainly those residential areas where dwellings are in any respect unfit for human habitation by reasons of dilapidation, overcrowding, faulty arrangements and designs of such buildings, narrowness and faulty arrangement of streets, lack ventilation, light or sanitation facilities or any combination of these factors which are detrimental to safety, health and morals. Thus, conceptually slums are compact overcrowded residential areas (and not isolated or scattered dwellings) unfit for habitation due to lack of one or more of the basic infrastructure like drinking water, sanitation, electricity, sewerage, streets etc.

It is in this background that in the 2001 Census, an innovative attempt was made to collect demographic data slum areas across the country.

As per 2001 population census, the slum population is estimated to be 61.8 million, out of a total urban population of 285.35 million people reside in urban areas.

The analysis of the data in this report provided an overview of the population characteristics of slums and squatter settlements and is expected to serve as a benchmark for pragmatic and realistic town planning while dealing with the issue of slums and slum dwellers.

Urbanization is fast becoming the defining process in shaping the course of social transformation & ensuing development concerns in India. About 377 million persons or about 31% of India's population of 1.21 billion lived in urban areas in 2011, spread over 5161 towns.

As per Report on Indian Urban Infrastructure and Services (NIUA) Report\_, the urban population is likely to grow to about 600 million by 2031. About one-fourth (24%) of the urban population of India is poor i.e. their expenditure on consumption goods is less than the poverty line benchmark. The benefits of urbanization have eluded this burgeoning 67 million urban poor population, most of who live in slums. An analysis of population growth trends between 1991 and 2001 shows that while India grew at an average annual growth rate of 2%, urban India grew at 3% mega cities at 4% and slum populations rose by 5%. This rapid and unplanned urbanization and simultaneous growth of urban population in the limited living spaces has a visible impact on the quality of life of the slum dwellers of the city.

It is increasing clear that sustainable growth can only take place when it is inclusive and when the entire population including the poor and marginalized need to have at the least access to descent shelter, basic amenities, livelihoods and a voice in governance. Keeping this in mind the Government of India and the various State Governments have been taking up several schemes on partnership mode.

Table-15: Introduction of slum(s)/non Slum Area

Ward No.	Slum Code	Slum Name	AREA in Sq Mt
1	S.C-008	Jugi Lane Bustee(S.C-008)	19064
1	S.C-007	Jugi Lane Naya Bustee(S.C-007)	9011
2	S.C-015	Peara Bagan Area(S.C-015)	6426
2	S.C018	Jahar Lal Neheru Sarani Area(S.C018)	2778
3	S.C-002	Raja Singh Bustee(S.C-002)	15970
3	S.C-003	Chhai Debi Bustee(S.C-003)	6711
3	S.C-004	Lichu Bagan Bustee(S.C-004)	12701
4	S.C006	C.S.Mukherjee Street Bustee(S.C006)	27534
9	S.C009	Sri Durga Talir Line Bustee(S.C-009)	13559
10	S.C012	Bengal Fine Bustee(S.C-012)	5842
11	S.C001	Harijan Bustee(S.C001)	6913
13	S.C-010	Bazar Ghat Bustee(S.C-010)	3218
15	S.C-016	Punjabi Bagan Area(S.C-016)	1075
16	S.C017	Jana Para Area(S.C017)	45286
17	S.C-011	Bechu Bagan Bustee(S.C-011)	91380
18	S.C-019	Jorapukur Area(S.C-019)	38433
19	S.C-014	Kansari Pukur Bustee No.2(S.C-014)	22053
20	S.C-013	Kansari Pukur Bustee No.1(S.C-013)	7898

Slum Map

Table-16: Non Slum Area

Ward Name	Total AREA_IN_SQKM	Total Slum AREA_IN_SQKM	Total Non Slum AREA_IN_SQKM
1	0.33	0.04	0.290
2	0.32	0.03	0.294
3	0.24	0.04	0.196
4	0.23	0.03	0.201
5	0.24	0	0.238
6	0.16	0	0.162
7	0.19	0	0.186
8	0.20	0	0.198
9	0.18	0.01	0.166
10	0.31	0.01	0.308
11	0.25	0	0.251
12	0.16	0	0.159
13	0.16	0.01	0.152
14	0.21	0	0.214
15	0.35	0.01	0.342
16	0.20	0.01	0.194
17	0.22	0.06	0.164
18	0.24	0.09	0.147
19	0.20	0.04	0.162
20	0.27	0.02	0.246
otal	4.67	0.39	4.273

# Non Slum Map

# 3.2. Location of slum(s) / non Slum Area, Tenure Status, Land use and Land Possession status

Table-17: Location of slum(s) / non Slum Area, Tenure Status, Land use and Land Possession status

Slum Name	Slum Location	Age of Slum	Ownership of Land	Tenability (Yes/no)	Land Value (Z1 is high and Z4 is low)
Jugi Lane Bustee(S.C-008)	Fringe area	More than	Private Land	Yes	Z4
Jugi Lane Naya Bustee(S.C-007)	Core Area	More than 15	Private Land	Yes	<b>Z</b> 5
Peara Bagan Area(S.C-015)	Fringe area	More than 15	Private Land	Yes	Z6
Jahar Lal Neheru Sarani Area(S.C018)	Fringe area	More than	Private Land	Yes	Z7
Raja Singh Bustee(S.C-002)	Fringe area	More than	Private Land	Yes	Z8
Chhai Debi Bustee(S.C-003)	Fringe area	More than	Private Land	Yes	Z9
Lichu Bagan Bustee(S.C-004)	Core Area	More than 15	Private Land	Yes	Z10
C.S.Mukherjee Street Bustee(S.C006)	Fringe area	More than	Private Land	Yes	Z11
Sri Durga Talir Line Bustee(S.C-009)	Core Area	More than	Private Land	Yes	Z12
Bengal Fine Bustee(S.C-012)	Fringe area	More than 15	Private Land	Yes	Z13
Harijan Bustee(S.C001)	Fringe area	More than 15	Private Land	Yes	Z14
Bazar Ghat Bustee(S.C-010)	Fringe area	More than 15	Private Land	Yes	Z15
Punjabi Bagan Area(S.C-016)	Fringe area	More than 15	Private Land	Yes	Z16
Jana Para Area(S.C017)	Core Area	More than 15	Private Land	Yes	Z17
Bechu Bagan Bustee(S.C-011)	Fringe area	More than 15	Private Land	Yes	Z18
lorapukur Area(S.C-019)	Fringe area	More than 15	Private Land	Yes	Z19
Kansari Pukur Bustee No.2(S.C-014)	Core Area	More than 15	Private Land	Yes	<b>Z</b> 20
Kansari Pukur Bustee No.1(S.C-013)	Fringe area	More than	Private Land	Yes	<b>Z</b> 21

### a) Spatial coverage and adequacy of Water supply

From analysis of the feedback received from individual wards it is generally found that all households have not yet been connected with the pipe water supply; water pressure in many places is inadequate; turbidity in water observed in few places where the original pipeline laying was made in late 50s. From the municipal record it is seen that house water connection has increased year to year. So new projects on water supply have been considered by this way so that the uncovered area may be covered by water MED, Govt. of West Bengal

supply. Demand for further quantity of water supply is proposed to be made by installation of few Deep tube wells and boosting pumps with provision of reservoir.

Table-18: Present status of water supply is as follows:

Nat	er Supply (Water Department)	2010-11
	Service Levels	Series State Constitute (Ibrasia
1.	Total water supplied per day (MLD)	
	Ground water (MLD)	6
	Surface water (MLD)	3.4
2	% of population covered	94
3	% of area covered	98
	Service Coverage	98
1	No. of stand posts (Cumulative figure per year)	
	in slum areas	358
	In non-slum areas	190
2	No. of hand pumps (Cumulative figure per year)	
	In slum areas	160
	In non slum areas	140
3	Per capita supply( in liters) (per day)	0
	Slum	120
	Non slum	116
	Service Cost and Efficiency	
1.	Total no. of connections (Cumulative figure per year)	12840
2.	No. of connections metered (Cumulative figure per year)	

It is seen that total no. of connection is increasing year by year. So our aim is to connect 100% population by water connection. Already 98% area has been covered by water supply. Only 2% has remained uncover.

### b) solid waste management

As it is normal in urban area, Konnagar Municipality produces great quantity of solid waste which includes biodegradable, non-biodegradable including medical waste. This is very problematic subject and in the past these were utilized in filling low areas of the Municipality, resulting sanitation and health hazards. At present Konnagar Municipality is showing great interest in collecting solid waste through door to door collection.

### c) Sewerage

It is generally seen that there remains a good length of semi pucca drain requiring conversion to pucca drain. Water logging occurs many areas at different wards due to absence of drainage system or poor drainage system. Following the contour of Konnagar Municipality all the drainage lines were laid irrespective of freefall, resulting water logging in places. To rectify this defect, depths of the drainage channel are to be resection from place to place. Two underground sewerage lines have been installed in C.S Mukherjee Street and part of S.C Chaterjee Street crossing Criper Road and Haran Banerjee Lane. Performances of these two sewerage lines have not yet been properly judged. It is however, to be stressed that underground sewerage line throughout the Municipality is a necessity both for sanitation and environmental ground.

Due to open drainage system in vogue, mosquito breeding is unbearable. Covered sewerage should be attempted in for main roads. The tanks and ponds in Konnagar Municipality area kept clean. Daily spreading of bleaching powder/mosquito oil is considered.

### d) storm water drainage

Providing safe sanitary system for all inhabitants. Ensuring that the entire existing main channel drain and all other connecting (pucca/katcha) drains are renovated with proper width and slope for disposal of drain water into existing main outfall drains and canals. Conversion of the existing open drains to closed drainage system within the Konnnagar area. Special emphasis is to be given on the areas which become under logged during rainy season.

# 3.3. Existing basic infrastructure and its coverage

### The project slums and existing scenario of infrastructure:

4 nos Slums have been selected as a First Project under PMAY scheme by Kannagar Municipality in consultation with the state level Nodal Agency - The State Urban Development Agency (SUDA) under M.A. Department, GoWB.

### Jugi Lane Bustee

The project slum site is at the core area of the Municipality at Ward no-01. Metal road is running in front of the slums connects it to major areas of Kannagar Municipality. The nearest railway station at a distance is 2.0Km. The slums are 15 years old with a total site area is 19064 square metres. The ownership of land lies with ULB. The existing number of households is 337 with a total population of 1163. Most of the slum dwellers works as casual labour in local industries, others engaged in local housekeeping, as sweepers in local areas, as cleaners at Municipal area and as vegetable sellers in nearby areas.

The environmental condition in the slum is little bit poor. The slum is partially covered with surface drains but drains are tilted and broken condition resulting clogging. Most of the roads within slums are semi metallic or kuchha road. There is 100% street lights present in the slum. Most of the population adopts unhygienic method for disposing their waste; thereby causing huge damage to health. The site visit has revealed unhygienic condition prevailing there at present due to absence of any organized structures and infrastructure for keeping them. Most of the dwelling units are kaccha or dilapidated. There is need of water connection in this slum.

### Chhai Debi Bustee

The project slum site is at the core area of the Municipality at Ward no-03. Metal road is running in front of the slums connects it to major areas of Kannagar Municipality. The nearest railway station at a distance is 3.0Km. The slums are 10 years old with a total site area is 67110 square metres. The ownership of land lies with ULB. The existing number of households is 467 with a total population of 1254. Most of the slum dwellers works as casual labour in local industries, others engaged in local housekeeping, as sweepers in local areas, as cleaners at Municipal area and as vegetable sellers in nearby areas.

The environmental condition in the slum is little bit poor. The slum is partially covered with surface drains but drains are tilted and broken condition resulting clogging. Most of the roads within slums are semi metallic or kuchha road. There is 100% street lights present in the slum. Most of the population adopts unhygienic method for disposing their waste; thereby causing huge damage to health. The site visit has revealed unhygienic condition prevailing there at present due to absence of any organized structures and infrastructure for keeping them. Most of the dwelling units are kaccha or dilapidated. There is need of water connection in this slum.

### Jorapukur Area

The project slum site is at the core area of the Municipality at Ward no-18. Metal road is running in front of the slums connects it to major areas of Kannagar Municipality. The nearest railway station at a distance is 3.0Km. The slums are 15 years old with a total site area is 38433 square metres. The ownership of land lies with ULB. The existing number of households is 85 with a total population of 295. Most of the slum dwellers works as casual labour in local industries, others engaged in local housekeeping, as sweepers in local areas, as cleaners at Municipal area and as vegetable sellers in nearby areas.

The environmental condition in the slum is little bit poor. The slum is partially covered with surface drains but MED, Govt. of West Bengal

drains are tilted and broken condition resulting clogging. Most of the roads within slums are semi metallic or kuchha road. There is 100% street lights present in the slum. Most of the population adopts unhygienic method for disposing their waste; thereby causing huge damage to health. The site visit has revealed unhygienic condition prevailing there at present due to absence of any organized structures and infrastructure for keeping them. Most of the dwelling units are kaccha or dilapidated. There is need of water connection in this slum.

### Kansari Pukur Bustee No.2

The project slum site is at the core area of the Municipality at Ward no-19. Metal road is running in front of the slums connects it to major areas of Kannagar Municipality. The nearest railway station at a distance is 3.0Km. The slums are 10 years old with a total site area is 22053 square metres. The ownership of land lies with ULB. The existing number of households is 235 with a total population of 811. Most of the slum dwellers works as casual labour in local industries, others engaged in local housekeeping, as sweepers in local areas, as cleaners at Municipal area and as vegetable sellers in nearby areas.

The environmental condition in the slum is little bit poor. The slum is partially covered with surface drains but drains are tilted and broken condition resulting clogging. Most of the roads within slums are semi metallic or kuchha road. There is 100% street lights present in the slum. Most of the population adopts unhygienic method for disposing their waste; thereby causing huge damage to health. The site visit has revealed unhygienic condition prevailing there at present due to absence of any organized structures and infrastructure for keeping them. Most of the dwelling units are kaccha or dilapidated. There is need of water connection in this slum.

### Non Slum

The project slum site is at the core area of the Municipality at Ward no-1,2,4,5,7,8,12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17. Metal road is running in front of the non slums connects it to major areas of Kannagar Municipality. The nearest railway station at a distance is 2.0Km. Most of the slum dwellers works as casual labour in local industries, others engaged in local housekeeping, as sweepers in local areas, as cleaners at Municipal area and as vegetable sellers in nearby areas.

The environmental condition in the slum is little bit poor. The slum is partially covered with surface drains but drains are tilted and broken condition resulting clogging. Most of the roads within slums are semi metallic or kuchha road. There is 100% street lights present in the slum. Most of the population adopts unhygienic method for disposing their waste; thereby causing huge damage to health. The site visit has revealed unhygienic condition prevailing there at present due to absence of any organized structures and infrastructure for keeping them. Most of the dwelling units are kaccha or dilapidated. There is need of water connection in this slum.

### Details of Social Infrastructure at a Glance:

### Table-19: Details of Social Infrastructure at a Glance

## 1. Jugi Lane Bustee

Education & Social Infr	astructure
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 10 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA NA
ivelihood/Production Centre	NA
/ocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA NA
Night Shelter	NA

Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	NA
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA
Youth Association	1
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA

### 2. Chhai Debi Bustee

Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	I
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA NA
Health Facilities	NA NA
Urban Health Post	NA NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 10 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA

Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA	
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA	
Night Shelter	NA	
Old Age Home	NA	
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	NA	
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA	
Slum-dwellers Association	NA	
Youth Association	1	
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA	

# 3. Jorapukur Area

Education & Social Infrastructure				
Pre-primary School				
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km			
Municipal Pre-school	NA			
Private Pre-school	NA			
Primary School				
Municipal	NA			
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km			
Private	NA			
High School				
Municipal	NA			
Private	NA			
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km			
Adult Education Centre	NA			
Health Facilities	NA			
Urban Health Post	NA			
Primary Health Centre	NA			
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 10 km			
Maternity Centre	NA			
Private Clinic	NA			
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA			

Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	NA
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in stum	NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association	1
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA

### 4. Kansari Pukur Bustee No.2

Educatio	n & Social Infrastructure
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 10 km

Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Valdya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	NA
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in sium	NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA
Youth Association	1
Nomen's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA

# Non Slum

Education	n & Social Infrastructure
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA NA

Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 10 km
Maternity Centre	NA NA
Private Clinic	NA NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA NA
Community Hall	NA NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA NA
Night Shelter	NA NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	NA NA
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA
Youth Association	1
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA

# Section 4 - Description of Proposed Project and Planning

### 4.1 Provision of Housing

The Supply Demand Gap and Requirements

Particulars Requirements Housing: Dwelling Unit provision for Households with standard provisions: 1 Multipurpose Room 1 Bed Room 1 Kitchen 1 Toilet 1 W.C Physical Infrastructure Requirement: Standard Infrastructure Provision for Water Supply Drainage Roads Electricity

### **Project Development Option**

In-situ redevelopment and whole of the project will be addressed in the project

#### **Proposed Development**

Based on preliminary understanding, the following components are being proposed

	Housing	Units	[Single	storied	in	situ].
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☐ Standard Physical Infrastructure to be provided in the form of Circulation of Water Supply Drainage, Roads and Electricity

### Innovations proposed in Project Planning

#### Background

Housing activities are known to have the capacity to play a significant role in social-economic development, because they help not only in creation of shelter for the people by also in generating employment opportunities for a large variety skilled and unskilled work force which is a prerequisite for growth and development of settlement. A considerable section of the people without land are in a still worse position as housing schemes for the poor have hither to been targeted on paper but not applied in practice.

Both the serviced land and shelter have become beyond the reach for half of the population-hence formation of slums, encroachments, informal colonies and unauthorized constructions. No land is earmarked for Economically Weaker Sections and Low Income Groups in Master Plan. The population density norms are required to re-look to enable better utilization of valuable land, as certain areas in the city. This growing slum population and the lack of basic facilities like water and sanitation will badly impact on overall development and prosperity of urban centres like Municipality.

- To overcome the existing situation and to promote planned development the following innovative strategies can be adopted for the improvement of the city.
- To ensure that housing, along with the supporting services is treated as a priority and at par with the infrastructure sector.
- Forging strong partnerships between private, public, and cooperative sectors to enhance the capacity
  of the construction industry.
- Organizing public consultations to meet the special needs of slum dwellers.
- Promotion of livelihood for the slum dwellers.

#### **Financial Implementation:**

### **Beneficiary led Participation:**

Implies development of housing by involvement of Beneficiary

#### Tasks:

- Composition of beneficiaries and organizing the area meetings.
- Involvement of community and sustainable livelihood framework (SLF) in decision making and prioritization of needs of the slum.
- Understating of Social-economic profile

### Post Project Monitoring

A Monitoring & Evaluation team has to be formed to know the post project impact on the slums and to document the best practices.

### Physical Infrastructure

### Background

The National Sample Survey Organization (NSSO) in the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Government of India has released the report of a nation-wide survey carried out by it during July 2008 to June 2009 (65th round) on the condition of urban slums.

The aim of the survey was to collect information on the present condition of the slums and on recent changes, if any, in the condition of facilities available therein. Both 'notified slums' – areas notified as slums by the municipalities, corporations, local bodies or development authorities – and non-notified slums were surveyed – a non-notified slum being any compact urban area with a collection of poorly built tenements, mostly of temporary nature, crowded together usually with inadequate sanitary and drinking water facilities in unhygienic conditions. The present report gives the condition of urban slums, covering ownership, area type, structure, road within and approaching the slum, living facilities like electricity, drinking water, latrine, sewerage, drainage, garbage disposal, and distance of slums from the nearest primary school and government hospital/health centre. It also estimates the proportion of slums where certain specific facilities have improved/ deteriorated over the five years preceding the date of survey.

Comprehensive data on this subject was last collected by NSSO in its 58th round (July - December 2002). The present report provides key indicators from the 58th round as well, for comparison. Some important findings of the survey are given below.

- About 49 thousand slums were estimated to be in existence in urban India in 2008-09, 24% of them
  were located along nallahs and drains and 12% along railway lines.
- About 57% of slums were built on public land, owned mostly by local bodies, state government, etc.
- In 64% of notified slums, a majority of the dwellings were pucca, the corresponding percentage for the non-notified ones being 50%.
- For 95% slums, the major source of drinking water was either tap or tube wells.
- Only 1% notified and 7% non-notified slums did not have electricity connection.
- About 78% of notified slums and 57% of the non-notified slums had a pucca road inside the slum.
- About 73% notified and 58% non-notified slums had a motorable approach road.
- About 48% of the slums were usually affected by water logging during monsoon 32% with inside
  of slum waterlogged as well as approach road to the slum, 7% where the slum was waterlogged but
  not the approach road, and 9% where only the approach road was waterlogged in the monsoon.
- The sanitary conditions in the slums in terms of latrine facility during 2008-09 showed considerable improvement since 2002. Latrines with septic tanks (or similar facility) were available in 68% notified and 47% non-notified slums (up from 66% and 35% respectively in 2002). At the other extreme, 10% notified and 20% non-notified slums (down from 17% and 51% in 2002) did not have any latrine facility at all.
- About 10% notified and 23% non-notified slums did not have any drainage facility. The
  corresponding proportions in 2002 had been 15% for notified and 44% for non-notified slums.
  Underground drainage systems or drainage systems constructed of pucca materials existed in about

39% notified slums (25% in 2002) and 24% non-notified slums (13% in 2002).

- Underground sewerage existed in about 33% notified slums (30% in 2002) and 19% nonnotified slums (15% in 2002).
- Government agencies were collecting garbage from 75% notified and 55% non-notified slums.
- Among these slums, garbage was collected at least once in 7 days in 93% notified and 92% non-notified slums. About 10% notified and 23% non-notified slums did not have any regular mechanism for garbage disposal.
- Over the last five years, facilities had improved in about 50% of notified slums in terms of roads (both within-slum road and approach road) and water supply. The incidence of deterioration of any of the existing facilities in notified slums during the last five years was quite low (about 6% or below).
- In case of most slum facilities sewerage and medical facilities being exceptions the facility was
  reported to have improved during the last five years in more than 20% of non-notified slums.
  Deterioration of any of the existing facilities in non-notified slums, like notified slums, was rare (about 9% or below).
- Facilities such as street light, latrine, drainage, sewerage and medical facilities were each reported by more than 10% of notified slums to be non-existent both at the time of survey and five years earlier. In case of non-notified slums, facilities like street light, latrine, drainage, sewerage and garbage disposal were each reported by more than 20% of the slums to be non-existent, both during the survey and five years earlier. Where improvement had been brought about during the last 5 years, it was due to the
- Government's efforts in about 80-90% of slums, both notified as well as non-notified and for all the
  facilities. Improvement in educational facilities at primary level was attributed to NGOs in 13% of
  the notified slums where such improvement was reported. NGOs were also found to have played a role
  in the improvement of latrine and sewerage system in non-notified slums.

### Topographical survey and GIS mapping

The preparation of base map of Wood Industries slum has been prepared with Global Positioning Stations (GPS) and temporary Benchmarks (TBM) for Georeferencing and accurately locating the slum. These points have been selected and located at well defined locations on the ground after discussion with the ULB officials. The existing topographical features have been represented to the actual terrestrial position.

Based on the Total Station survey and Socio-economic survey GIS based thematic maps were generated. This helped in accurate representation of the ground scenario with that of the socio-economic conditions of the people. The following GIS maps were generated for inclusive planning:

☐ Map showing existing Land use Map

☐ Map showing Household Size		
☐ Map showing House Type/Structure, Flooring, Cooking		
☐ Map showing Minority Status		
☐ Map showing existing toilet facility		
☐ Map showing existing road type in front of house		
☐ Map showing existing source of drinking water		
☐ Map showing existing source of house lighting		
Water Supply		
Proposal Rationale		
Water and poverty are inextricably linked. Poor access to water and insufficient sanitation affect the health of the poor, their food security, and their prospects for making a living especially for vulnerable groups, such as children, the elderly, and women in general. Safe and adequate quantities of water and food security are recognized as preconditions for an acceptable development standard.		
In almost whole of Asia and the Pacific region - home to nearly 900 million of the world's poorest people -		
one in three people does not have safe drinking water and one in two lacks adequate sanitation. Water is a		
critical resource for the poor and plays a key role in many aspects of their livelihoods.		
Poor people depend on or are affected by water resources in four key ways:		
As direct inputs into production		
☐ For health, welfare, and food security		
For ecosystems viability		
☐ For combating water-related hazards		
Keeping the above in mind, a water scheme for the urban poor needs to be drawn up which shall Improved		
Access to Quality Water Services and also build up institutions accessible to the poor that can efficiently		
manage water resources. These institutions need to be responsive to the poor and should have an adequate		
opportunity for the poor to raise their views.		
The management of water resources must take place within the wider ecosystems context, and all actions		
should be based on an understanding of the flows of water resources within river basins and how they affect		
the poor.		
In view of this, the water scheme needs to take into account the following broad objectives:		
☐ To provide adequate Treated Water		
☐ To ensure access for the Urban poor		
☐ To develop institutional framework taking into account the requirements of the Urban Poor		

Outcome

Water is a basic requirement of life. Absence of adequate water is a major issue for health as well as comfort for the poor. With the implementation of the project, the slum dwellers will have access to safe drinking water, which will greatly help their personal health, and hygiene. Quality of life would improve significantly and the multiplier effect due to this investment would reap significant benefit to the economy of this region within a considerable short period of time.

Water supply includes sources of supply, features of collection and distribution system, water demand and availability, quality of surface and groundwater source, reuse and recycling of water including conservation of water at the household level. The endeavour for all the proposals is to optimize the total cost of the system.

#### Assessment of Overall State of Infrastructure

In line with the City Development Plan for Kolkata Metropolitan Area (Pg 11-28), it has been resolved that the entire KMA are will be switched over to surface water.

The following norms have been fixed for the region:

□ Kolkata Municipal Corporation Area
 □ Howrah Municipal Corporation Area
 150 lpcd

Municipal & Non-Municipal Area 135 lpcd

Previously the area was largely dependent on ground water. The status of ground water availability is as follows:

Keeping in mind the reduced rate of aquifer, traces of Arsenic Contamination and presence of Iron on the water, it has been decided to switch over to surface water from River Damodar.

Accordingly, the plant design is adequate to cater to the future requirement of the entire region and no augmentation of supply is required for the present project

### Situation Appraisal & Key Intervention for Identified Slum

Presently accessibility to water supply facilities in the slum pocket is inadequate. The major source of water is from the common tap water available in the slums. The slum is partially connected to the municipal water supply main.

It is now proposed that water pipeline shall be provided in each household with requisite number of taps, as computed during the survey as felt needs shall be provided under this Project. However, considering that the houses are being provided with water, the provisions of multiple taps have not been encouraged and kept to the minimal level.

esign	of distribution system was carried out on the following basis:
	Population projection
	Project horizon years
	Design period for various project components
	Per capita water supply
	Factors affecting consumption
	Existing water supplies
	Pipeline pressure requirement
	Supply of water on 24 x 7 basis
	Economical size of conveying main
	Choice of pipe materials
	Peak factor
	Residual pressure
	Hydraulic zoning

### **Design Period for various Project Components**

Water supply projects are designed normally to meet the requirements over a period of 30 years after their completion. The time lag between design and completion of the project should also be taken into account which should not exceed two to five years depending on the size of the project. CPHEEO guidelines have been followed has suggested the design period for various water supply components.

#### Service Plan

The pipelines needs to be regularly and kept in full working conditions. It is proposed that operation and maintenance of these pipelines and other assets be done in conjunction with the maintenance programme of the Municipal Corporation. The Bustee Working Committee shall be the first level of responsibility for ensuring that the pipelines etc are kept in good order. The overall operation and maintenance shall be carried out by the project cell of the Municipal Corporation.

### **Proposed Interventions**

According to the above, the water supply design requirement for Municipality has been fixed at 135 lpcd (Domestic Requirement) + 15% (head loss) +  $100*(p^0.5) = 163.25$  lpcd (approx).

There is existing water supply scheme which has the capacity for meeting the requirement. Thus there is no additional requirement of any reservoir. There are street stand posts for the slum proposed. But to achieve house connection at slum 100 mm dia. DI pipes are proposed.

The details of water supply lines provide are as follow:

#### Transmission of Water

Konnagar Municipality has water supply through ESR having (24x7) water supply. For the proposed multistoried buildings sump and pump with OHR is provided for each building. The water supply network for this slum will be connected to the citywide water supply network.

Water supply system broadly involves transmission of water from the water supply main to the area of consumption normally through pipelines. Pipelines normally follow the profile of the ground surface quite closely, normally at 1 metre below ground.

### Following design criteria are adopted for this Project:

	Gravity pipelines have to be laid below the hydraulic gradient.
	Pipes are of Ductile Iron, Mild steel, GRP, HDPE, PVC, Plastic etc.
	The design of water supply conduits is dependent on pipe friction, available head, velocity
	allowable, etc.
	Minimum sizes of 100mm for towns having population up to 50,000 and 150mm for those above
	50,000 are recommended.
	There are a number of formulae available for use in calculating the velocity of flow. However,
□ por	Hazen William's formula for pressure conduits and Manning's formula for free flow conduits are pularly used.

#### **Drainage and Solid waste management**

### **Proposal Rationale**

The status of adequate Drainage has a close and direct link with environment, water supply and its cleanliness, health and hygiene. The problem of adequate drainage associated with steep influx of population in urban areas, therefore needs to be addressed forth with, debated and deliberated at length, by the policy planners for the development of urban/city areas. Inadequate Drainage results in accumulation of stagnant water and is a major health hazard for the people living in the region.

In the slums there is no proper drainage system and hence stagnation of water is a common occurrence for the slums. In order to improve the situation, there is a need for constructing pucca drains, which will dispose of the stagnant water to the main drains.

### Outcome

The proposed drainage system by means of construction of new drains and improvement of existing will help to provide relief to the slum dwellers by means of efficient and effective disposal of storm water through the outfall channels. The outcome of this scheme will by and large enhance the quality of civic life by way of promotion and safeguarding the public health and environmental pollution.

### **Assessment Overall State of Infrastructure**

One of the priority area identified for Wood Industries slum has been absence of adequate drainage. Most of the drainage is kutcha and inadequate for covering the slums which had led to water logging which in turn affected the environment and health of the people on an overall basis.

As mentioned above poor drainage system and consequently chronic water logging are the major issues of concern. There is hardly any pucca drain. The state of drain also affects the condition of the road.

Though there are storm water drains on the main road around the slums, but there is no systematic connection with the internal areas of the slum, thereby leading to acute water logging within the slum. It is worth mentioning that apart from lack of drainage network in several slum pockets, major challenge lies with its maintenance. In numerous cases drains in slums gets choked due to improper disposing of solid waste and other hazardous materials into the existing drains.

Situation gets beyond control particularly during monsoon season like July and August. Accumulated water causes to generate public health problems. Haphazard growth and settlement in the slum area has blocked the natural drainage courses, which in turn causes water logging and stagnation in different parts of the slum.

### **Proposed Interventions**

It is thus proposed to have an integrated drainage programme covering the slum pocket. The programme shall envisage construction of pucca drain throughout the road length and installing a maintenance programme to ensure that the drains are kept free from clogging from plastics and other materials. Depending on the availability of space and requirement, a sections have been designed, Designs of which have been provided in the relevant sections.

#### Road Infrastructure

### **Proposal Rationale**

A key component of the Proposal is a focused initiative to provide strong connectivity and provision of movement in the slums. This will enable the poor people to benefit from greater mobility and would increase their employment opportunities, open up trading and marketing of products, and important improve access to health, education, and other social services.

Roads in the slum are highly undeveloped and ill maintained. Poor roads are strong barrier to the development of the slums. Poor road condition and absence of road facility in several slums makes life difficult for all slum dwellers, especially, women and children. It also hampers prompt movement of sick; particularly those who require urgent medical attention. Lack of maintenance, coupled with poor drainage makes life even worse during monsoon season. Road are rarely re-built or re-paired periodically due to several reason. Provision of basic quality road is thus an important element of slum development. The existing road network system of the slum has become inadequate to cope up with the present and ever

increasing needs. In order to bear the additional pressure due to enhanced civic, economic and commercial activities of the slum, existing road network system in several places are required either to be up-graded or winded and new roads are also be constructed in a number of places where the network is inadequate.

### Proposed status and strategy

The existing condition of the road is poor and cause great hardship to the slum dwellers particularly women and children. The existing roads in the slum areas are predominantly made of brick pavement. These roads are substantially worn out. The lane roads are Kutcha roads. These roads are highly vulnerable and are in a poor condition particularly in rainy season

One of the major issues is absence of proper maintenance. In view of this it is proposed that the entire road network is to be converted to concrete pavement as concrete pavements are durable and easy to maintain.

The Road needs to be maintained. It is proposed that operation and maintenance and servicing of these roads be done by the Municipality. The Bustee Working Committee shall be the first level of responsibility for ensuring that the pipelines etc. are kept in good order. The project cell of the Municipal Corporation shall carry out the overall operation and maintenance.

### **Proposed Intervention**

All the proposed roads are rigid pavement-cement concrete roads. Rigid pavements are those which posses note worthy flexural strength. The concrete pavement slab can very well serve as a wearing surface as well as effective base course. Therefore usually rigid pavement structure consists of a cement concrete slab, below which a granular base or sub base course may be provided. Rigid pavements are generally designed and the stresses are analyzed using elastic theory, assuming pavement as an elastic plate resting over elastic or a viscous foundation.

Construction of granular sub-base (GSB) 200 mm thick. Construction of 150 mm thick cement concrete pavement, as per Clause 1501.2.2 M30 (Grade), as per drawing and Technical Specification Clause 1501.

#### Outcome

After successful implementation of the scheme the slum dwellers will have facilities like pre-school education, adult education, non-formal education and social, recreational activities in the slum area. The community centres would provide the people to gather in, to meet and discuss their problems. It is not just a physical location but a space; where poor people could own, develop their thoughts and also could contribute their own skill and labour to make their dream come true. It will also provide the Municipal Corporation in networking with the urban poor communities in order to exchange information and views.

#### **Proposed Intervention**

In view of the above, it is proposed that a Community Centre is established to cater the slum population. For community development a community centre is proposed. The one storied community centre has total plinth area of 223.4 sq m.

There will be Multipurpose hall which may be used as skill development centres or livelihood centre, health centres and Crèche are provided.

The Community Centres act mainly as a supporting unit for livelihood and for revenue generation for O&M.

#### Materials of construction:

PCC (1:3:6) for foundation
RCC M-20 for substructure & superstructure (Column, Beam, Slab)
HYSD Steel
1st Class Brick Masonry
1:6 (Cement: Sand) plaster - 10 mm on soffit of beam & slab, 15 mm on internal walls & 20 mm
on external walls
IPS flooring

### **Definition of Slum for Housing**

Different definitions of a slum exist in different statutes and in urban poverty literature. For the purpose of HOUSING SCHEME, it is proposed to adopt the definition given in the 2001 Census, which is as follows:

- a. All areas notified as 'Slum' by State/Local Government and UT Administration under any Act;
- b. All areas recognized as 'Slum' by State/Local Government and UT Administration, which have not been formally notified as slum under any Act;

**\*Slum\*** or **\*Slum Area\***— is a compact settlement of at least 20 households (For NE & Special Category States it is 10-15 households) with a collection of poorly built tenements, mostly of temporary nature, crowded together usually with inadequate sanitary and drinking water facilities in unhygienic conditions.

### Situation Appraisal

The people living in the slums mostly have kutcha (10) and semi-pucca (186) housing. In certain cases where pucca housing is available, they are usually in dilapidated condition. The kutcha houses are in very poor condition and require extensive repairs. Most of the houses have tiles on roof. While during the survey some of the houses have been noted to be in average condition, the quality of these houses is also speedily deteriorating.

#### **Proposed Intervention**

In line with the vision to **Housing for All** an integrated housing programme is proposed to be implemented. The target will be all the slum dwellers in the pocket. In situ single dwelling units are proposed.

Table-22: Dwelling units

Number of DU	
600 within slums and non slums	

### **Building Plan**

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The buildings are proposed to cover an area of approximate 32 Sq.mt along with provision of 2 rooms, kitchen and sanitation facility. The layout, size and type design of housing dwelling units depends on the local conditions and the preferences of the beneficiary. The houses, has been designed in accordance with the desire of the beneficiaries, keeping in view the climatic conditions and the need to provide ample space, kitchen, ventilation, sanitary facilities, etc. and the community perceptions, preferences and cultural attitudes. In line with the scheme, carpet area of the house will be not less than 25 sq. mts and preferably two room accommodation plus kitchen and toilet should be constructed.

	•
Build	ing material
	PCC (1:3:6) for foundation
	RCC M-20 for substructure & superstructure (Column, Beam, Slab)
	HYSD Steel
	1st class Brick Masonry
	1:6 (Cement: Sand) plaster - 10 mm on soffit of beam & slab, 15 mm on internal walls & 20 mm on
	external walls
	IPS flooring
Struc	tural Design
	Following are the general considerations in the analysis/design.
	For all structural elements, M20 grade concrete and Fe 415 grade of steel is used.
	Plinth beams passing through columns are provided as tie beams.
	Pedestals are proposed up to ground level.
	Beam Centre-line dimensions are followed for analysis and design.
	For all the building, walls of 250 mm and 125mm thick with 20 mm External plaster and 12 mm thick
	internal plaster are considered.
	Seismic loads are considered acting in the horizontal direction along either of the two principal
	directions.
Desig	n data
	Live load: 2.0 kN/m2 at typical floor
	1.5 kN/m2 on terrace (With Access): 0.75 kN/m2 on terrace (without Access)
	Floor finish $50\text{mm} (0.05*24) = : 1.2 \text{ kN/m2}$
	Ceiling plaster 12mm (0.012*20.8): 0.25 kN/m2

Partition walls (Wherever Necessary): 1.0 kN/m2
Terrace finish: 1.5 kN/m2
Earthquake load: As per IS-1893 (Part 1) - 2002
Depth of foundation below ground: ,0.7 m
Walls: 250 mm thick brick masonry walls at external and 125mm walls internal.

#### Reference codes:

- IS 456: 2000 Code of practice -Plain and Reinforced concrete.
- IS:1893:2002 Criteria for Earthquake resistant design of structures(Part-1)
- IS: 13920: 1993 Ductile detailing of Reinforced concrete structures subjected to seismic forces.
- SP: 34 Hand Book on Concrete Reinforcement and Detailing.
- S: 875: 1987 Code of practice for design loads (other than earthquake) for buildings and structures. (Part-2)
- NBC:2005

#### Identification of Beneficiaries

Municipality Municipal Corporation, in consultation with State Urban Development Agency (SUDA), will approve the phasing of the beneficiaries in the region. The beneficiaries so identified and the projects so prepared shall be done in consultation with the committees and community development societies already existing in that particular city. The identification of beneficiaries will be on the basis of the baseline survey already conducted under PMAY Demand Survey.

#### Allotment of Houses

Allotment of dwelling units will be in the name of the female member of the household. Alternatively, it can be allotted in the name of husband and wife jointly. Ownership of land required for every Benificiary.

### **Town Planning Norms**

Up-gradation of existing constructions and construction of new houses shall only be taken after approval of the lay out by the urban local body. Respective State Govts. may relax some town planning norms for sanction of such layout Plans, to facilitate HOUSING SCHEME, however, minimum acceptable standards of Town Planning will need to be set and followed.

All planning are done as per UDPFI & CPHEOO guidelines and local Municipal Bye-laws.

### Compliance with Municipal Bye laws

All designs & drawings are created keeping in line with the municipal bye laws.

#### Tenure

Unlike rural areas, land is scarce in urban areas particularly in large metropolises. Under HOUSING SCHEME, the responsibility for providing land for the project rests with the State Government or its agencies.

### **Summary of Investment**

### **Project Costing**

The costing for the individual sectors has been made on the basis of applicable Schedule of Rates. The details of each of the sub-projects have been provided in the respective sections.

### The cost components include:

Infrastructure: Cost of infrastructure development/up-gradation including water supply, sewerage, storm water drainage, solid waste management, roads & drainage, street lights, etc.

Housing: Construction Costs would need to be arrived from the various components that are proposed to be implemented and would vary depending on the development option identified.

#### **GOI Contribution:**

PMAY scheme guidelines stipulate that, 1.5 lakhs of the unit cost of dwelling unit.

The Central share would be available as per milestones set out in Memorandum of Agreement (MoA).

### **Beneficiary Contribution:**

In order to ensure beneficiaries interest, financial contribution by the beneficiaries is critical.. The share of beneficiary contribution in housing is proposed to be a minimum of 25000/-. As per PMAY guidelines no contribution from the beneficiaries is expected in infrastructure improvements

#### **State Contribution:**

The decision would be left to the remaining share would have to be arranged by the State. State will contribute 5% of total Dwelling cost for infrastructure.

#### **ULB Contribution:**

ULB have no contribution on dwelling unit cost. ULB will contribute 5% of total Dwelling cost for infrastructure.

In the 1<sup>st</sup> Meeting of SLSMC of West Bengal it has been decided that the flowing funding pattern should be adopted for implementation of PMAY until further revision.

Table-23: Share of Fund

Type of	Component	Contribution of			
City/Towns as per 2011 census		Central Rs.(Lakhs)	State Rs.(Lakhs)	ULB Rs.(Lakhs)	Beneficiarie s Rs.(Lakhs)
Total cost of Beneficiary LED	Housing	1.5	1.93	Nil	0.25
Construction	Infrastructure	Nil	5 %	5 %	Nil

### 4.2. Disaster Management and Mitigation

Most of the citizens admit the necessity of elimination of hazards arising out of collapse of ill maintained buildings of temporary nature during periods of heavy rains and storms and immediate renovation of drainage system by construction of drains of adequate size and re-sectioning of the channels for increasing their carrying capacities by following appropriate design for the same. The structural design of the building is made by the MED, Govt. of West Bengal considering the norms of disaster management.

# 4.3. Statutory approval including environmental clearance (as applicable)

Table-22: Statutory approval including environmental clearance

	IMPACT &	REMEDIES
1.	Utilization of alternative material Characteristics and availability of alternative material	Locally available bricks etc. will be used.
2.	Rehabilitation of water bodies & measures for maintaining surface runoff smoothly	No water body is affected by the alignment of road The road side open C. C. / Brick masonry drains have been provided for free flow of storm water.
3.	Measures for Erosion Control	Not applicable for the slum area.
4.	Conservation of Topsoil  a. Extent of loss of topsoil  b. Area requirement for topsoil conservation  c. Inclusion of conservation of topsoil  d.	Not applicable for the slum area.
5.	Impact on Heritage & Culture  a. Identification of locally significant cultural properties  b. Assessment of likely impacts on each cultural property due to project implementation  c. Possible measures for avoidance  i) Identification of alternative routes  ii) Relocation of Culture property in consultation with the local community  iii) Common Property	Question does not arise.
6.	Location of Natural Habitants	It will not be disturbed

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7.	Construction of site office / Camp	Temporary construction of camp / office shall be established by contractor and since the project is
		small and scattered, the temporary impact on environment for Construction Camp / office at the time of execution of work is negligible.
8.	Quarrying of Materials	
	<ul> <li>a. Sourcing of materials from quarries</li> <li>b. Lead from various existing quarries</li> <li>c. Adequacy of material for the project in these quarries</li> </ul>	The construction materials require for the project shall be procured from:  a) Stone metal: from the existing.  b) Bricks: From the existing brick fields nearby the project site.  c) Sand: From the nearest source.  All the materials are sufficiently available.
9.	Water Requirement; Identification of potential sources of water	Water required for the construction of work will be available from ground water. There is no scarcity of water in the region.
10.	Location of Waste Water Disposal :	
	a. Location for disposal of waste water	The surface drain have been proposed in the slum for disposal of waste water.
	b. Outfalls locations for longitudinal drains	
	i) Outfall level and back flow	Natural slope of the ground will be maintained for waterways for discharge of surface runoff. No possibility of back flow except in the case of heavy flood.
	ii) The outfall is in natural stream; measures shall be taken to prevent sediment into the stream.	The storm water drain of the slums will discharge the water to the main high drain of the town.
11.	Air Pollution during construction work	Work shall be carried out by equipments like concrete mixer machine vibrator etc. at this time of concerting work only for which air pollution will be negligible.
12.	Identify locations susceptible to induced development	Locations vulnerable to induced development: In such location the Municipality has committed not to allow building construction activity.  a. Lands within 50 m of junctions  b. Agricultural lands with enforce restriction on building activity on either side of road. Stretches within 100m of worship places, weekly fairs and locations of community mass gatherings.
13.	Roles and responsibilities of municipality in regulating development	The municipality shall lay down restrictions on building activities along the by-pass roads:  1. Municipality will enforce restriction on building activity on either side of road.  2. Development of Residential sites outside

		Existing Settlement.  Appropriate measure towards the removal of encroachments onto the public land to be taken.
14.	Traffic Congestion and related air & noise pollution	As the road passes through the slum area of the town and two wheelers, Three wheelers, light vehicle will move hence there will not be any traffic congestion, related air & noise pollution.
15.	Opportunity in economic activities due to ease of transportation system	The benefits due to this project are:  1. Generation of Man days  2. Improvement in Household or population sector i.e. Improvement of personal health, hygiene, socio- economic condition, education etc.

#### Section 5 - Project Cost Estimate

#### 5.1. Detailed Estimates

#### 5.2.1. Detailed Estimate of Provision of Housing

Table-26: Detailed Estimate of Provision of Housing

## DETAILED ESTIMATE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF SINGLE UNIT DWELLING HOUSE

Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana Housing For All (Urban) Total Covered Area- 32.58 sq.m (With Electrical Works)

Reference of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Schedule of Rates Building & Sanitary w.e.f-01.07.2014 & Corrigenda

SL No.	Description of Works	Quantity	Unit	Rate	Amount
1	Earthwork in excavation in foundation trenches or drains, in all sorts of soil (including mixed soil but excluding laterite or sandstone) including removing spreading or stacking the spoils within a lead of 75 m as directed including trimming the sides of trenches, levelling, dressing and ramming the bottom, bailing out water etc. as required complete.  a) Depth of excavation not exceeding 1500mm.	13.000	%си.т.	12047.00	1566.11
	SOR, PWD, P-1, I -2 a				
2	Earth work in filling in foundation trenches or plinth with good earth in layers not exceeding 150 mm. including watering and ramming etc. layer by layer complete. (Payment to be made on the basis of measurement of finished quantity of work)				
	a) With earth obtained from excavation of foundation.	11.120	%cu.m.	7831.00	870.81
	SOR, PWD, P-1, T/3 a				

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Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana Housing For All (Urban) Total Covered Area- 32.58 sq.m (With Electrical Works)

Reference of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Schedule of Rates Building & Sanitary w.e.f-01.07.2014 & Corrigenda

SL No.	Description of Works	Quantity	Unit	Rate (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
3	Supplying Laying Polithin Sheets etc. SOR, PWD, P-45, T - 13	22,000	sqm	25.00	550.00
4	Cement concrete with graded Stone ballast (40 mm.) excluding shuttering.a) In ground floor and foundation.6:3:1 proportion Pakur variety SOR, PWD, Page 24; Item -10 a	3.500	cu.m.	5823.00	20380.50
5	25 mm. thick damp proof with cement concrete (4:2:1) (with graded stone aggregate 10 mm. Normal size) and painting the top surface with a coat of bitumen using 1.7 kg. per sq.m. including heating the bitumen and cost and carriage of all materials complete.  SOR, PWD, P-45, T-12	6.810	sqm,	297.00	2022.57
	DOWN THE TON THE				
6	Brick work with 1st class bricks in cement mortar (6:1)				
	a) In foundation and plinth.	10.430	cum	5719.00	59649.17
	b) In super structure SOR, PWD, P-29, T -22(a), (b)	15.240	cum	5943.00	90571.32
7	125mm thick brick work with 1st. class bricks in cement mortar (4:1). a) In ground floor SOR, PWD, P-73, I-29	23.220	sq.m.	783.00	18181.26
8	Ordinary Cement concrete (mix 1:1.5:3) with graded stone chips (20 mm nominal size) excluding shuttering and reinforcement if any, in ground floor as per relevant IS codes.  (i) Pakur Variety	3.940	cu.m.	6851.66	26995.54
_	SOR, PWD, P-14, T -7(i)				
	50M, 111D, 1-14, 1-7(1)				
9	Reinforcements for reinforced concrete work in all sorts of structures including distribution bars, stirrups, binders etc. including supply of rods, initial straightening and removal of loose rust (if necessary), cutting to requisite length, hooking and bending to correct shape, placing in proper position and binding with 16G black annealed wire at every inter-section, complete as per drawing and direction.				
	(a) For works in foundation, basement and upto roof of ground floor / upto 4m. (i) Tor steel/Mild steel.  SOR, PWD, P-27, T-15(i)	0.309	МТ	60705.93	18775.74
10	Hire and labour charges for shuttering with centreing and necessary staging upto 4 m. using approved stout props and thick hard wood planks of approved thickness with required bracing for concrete slabs,		/		

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Chairman Sub-Assistant Engineer Konnagar Municipality Konnagar Municipality

Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana Housing For All (Urban)

Total Covered Area- 32.58 sq.m (With Electrical Works)

Reference of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Schedule of Rates Building & Sanitary w.e.f-01.07.2014 & Corrigenda

Floor A	mag	25 77	9/11/2
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SL No.	Description of Works	Quantity	Unit	Rate (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
	beams, columns, lintels curved or straight including fitting, fixing and striking out after completion of works. (upto roof of ground floor). (When the height of a particular floor is more than 4 m. the equivalent floor ht. shall be taken as 4 m. and extra for works beyond the initial 4 m. ht. shall be allowed under 12(e) for every 4 m. or part thereof.) SOR, PWD, P-66, T-12(a)				
	25 mm. to 30 mm. thick wooden shuttering as per decision & direction of Engineer-in-charge. Ground Floor	37.063	M <sup>2</sup>	360.00	13342.68
11	Plaster (to wall, floor, ceiling etc.) with sand and cement mortar including rounding off or chamfering corners as directed and raking out joints or roughening of concrete surface, including throating, nosing and drip course where necessary. In ground floor.  A) With 6:1 cement mortar.  a) Inside wall 20 mm thick plaster  SOR, PWD, P-151, T -2 (i)(b)	116.940	sq.m.	181.00	21166.14
	b) Out side Wall, 15mm th. SOR, PWD, P-151, I -2 (i)(c)	111.950	sq.m.	156.00	17464.20
	B)10mm th celling plaster (4:1) SOR, PWD, P-151, I -2 (i)(c)	23,330	sq.m.	140.00	3266.20
12	Neat cement punning about 1.5mm thick in wall, dado, window, sills, floor, drain etc.  SOR, PWD, P-152, I-8	26.700	sq.m.	38.00	1014.60
13	Artificial stone in floor,dado, staircase etc. with cement conctrete (4:2:1) with stone chips laid in panels as directed with topping made with ordinary or white cement (as necessary) and marble dust in proportion (2:1) including smooth finishing and rounding off corners and including application of cement slurry before flooring works, using cement @ 1.75 kg./sq.m. all complete including all materials and labour. In ground floor.  3 mm. thick topping (High polishing grinding on this item is not permitted) with ordinary cement.  20mm thick  SOR, PWD, P-40, I-3 (i)	26.490	sq.m.	265,00	7019.85
14	Supplying, fitting & fixing MS clamp for fixing door and window frame made of flat bent bar, end bifurcated, fixed in cement concrete with stone chips (4:2:1)a fitted and fixed omplete as per direction.  40mm x 6mm x 125 mm length.  (Cost of cement concrete will be paid separately)  SOR, PWD, P-90, I-18 (c)	34	each	22.00	748.00
15	Wood work in door and window frame fitted and fixed complete including a protective coat of painting	0.213	cu.m.	46171.00	9834.42

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Konnagar Municipality

Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana Housing For All (Urban) Total Covered Area- 32.58 sq.m (With Electrical Works)

Reference of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Schedule of Rates Building & Sanitary w.e.f-01.07.2014 & Corrigenda

SL No.	Description of Works	Quantity	Unit	Rate (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
- in Date	at the contact surface of the frame other Local wood SOR, PWD, P-85, T-1(i)				(330)
16	Panel Shutter of door & Window (each Panal Consisting Of single Plan without Join) 25 mm thick shutter with 12 mm thick Panal of size 30 to 45 cm. Other Local wood SOR, PWD, P-105, I -84 (iv)c	8.520	sq.m.	1567.00	13350.84
17	Iron butt hinges of approved quality fitted and fixed with steel screws, with ISI mark. a)75mm x 47mm x 1.70mm  SOR, PWD, P-91, T -20(iv)	32.000	each	34.00	1088.00
18	Iron Socket Bolt of approved quality fitted and fixed complete. i) 150 mm long x 10 mm dia SOR, PWD P-93, I-25,c	11.000	each	71.00	781.00
19	White washing including cleaning and smoothening surface thoroughly (5 parts of stone lime and 1 part of shell lime should be used in the finishing coat).  Two Coats  SOR, PWD, P-155, I -3 (b)	124.960	%sq.m.	1887.00	2358.00
20	Colour washing with ella with a coat of white wash priming including cleaning and smoothing surface thoroughly external surface One Coat SOR, PWD, P-155, I - 4(ii)(a)	100.560	%sq.m.	1514.00	1522.48
21	Priming one coat on timber, plastered or on steel or other metal surface with synthetic enamel/oil bound primer of approved quality including smoothening surfaces by sand papering etc.				
	1) On timber surface SOR, PWD, P - 162, I - 7(a) 2) On Steel Surface SOR, PWD, P - 162, I - 7(b)	21.690 2.700	sq.m.	41.00 31.00	889.29 83.70
			_		
22	Painting with best quality synthetic enamel paint of approved make and brand including smoothening surface by sand papering etc. including using of approved putty etc. on the surface, if necessary:  With super gloss (hi-gloss)-With any shade except white.				
	a) On timber or plastered surface Two Coats	21.690	sq.m.	89.00	1930.41
	b) On Steel surface Two Coats SOR, PWD, P - 162, -8A(aii),(bii)	2.700	sq.m.	86.00	232.20

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Konnagar Municipality

Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana Housing For All (Urban)

Total Covered Area- 32.58 sq.m (With Electrical Works)
Reference of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Schedule of Rates Building & Sanitary w.e.f-01.07.2014 & Corrigenda

SL No.	Description of Works	Quantity	Unit	Rate (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
	16 mm diad with center bolt and round fitting. 300 mm long SOR, PWD, P-93, I - 27c				
24	Precast piered concrete jally work as per design and manufacture's specification including moulding etc. with stone chips and necessary reinforcement shuttering complete including fitting, fixing in position in all floors.  (a) 37.5 mm th. panels Cement & steel required for this item will not be issued by deptt.  SOR, PWD, P-32, I - 38 (b)	1.690	sq.m.	351.00	593.19
25	Supplying, fitting and fixing UPVC down pipes A type and fittings conforming to IS 13592-1992 with necessary clamps nails including making holes in walls, etc. and cutting trenches in any soil, through masonry concrete structure etc. if necessary and mending good damages including jointing with jointing materials (Spun yarn, valamoid / bitumen / M. seal etc.) complete. P-173, I-21 A (ii), C(ii), D(ii)  SOR, PWD, P173, I - 21 A (ii), C(ii), D(ii)				
	i) UPVC Pipe 110 mm dia	3.000	Mtr.	291.00	873.00
	ii) UPVC Bend 87.5 degree 110 mm dia	2.000	each	162.00	324.00
	iii) UPVC Shoe 110 mm	1.000	each	128.00	128.00
26	M.S.or W.I. Ornamental grill of approved design joints continuously welded with M.S, W.I. Flats and bars of windows, railing etc. fitted and fixed with necessary screws and lugs in ground floor.  Grill weighing 10 kg/sq m to16 kg/m2  SOR, PWD, P - 76, I - 10 (i)  (2.70sqm @ 10.5kg per sqm = 28.35 kg)	0.284	Qntl	8247.00	2342.15
27	Shallow water closet Indian pattern(I.P.W.C.) of approved make in white vitreous chinaware supplied ,fitted and fixed in position (excluding cost of concrete for fixing).  450 mm long  SOR, PWD, (Sanitary) P - 65, I - 1 (iii)	1.000	each	1062.00	1062,00
28	Foot rest for water closet of size 275 mm X 125 mm with Artificial stone(4:2:1) with 6 mm stone chips and chequered including adding colour as necessary.  SOR, PWD, (Sanitary) P - 66, I - 9	1.000	Pair	70.00	70.00
29	Supplying, fitting and fixing cast iron 'P' or 'S' trap conforming to I.S. 3989 / 1970 and 1729 / 1964 including lead caulked joints and painting two coats to	1,000	each	923,00	923.00

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Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana Housing For All (Urban)

Total Covered Area- 32.58 sq.m (With Electrical Works)
Reference of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Schedule of Rates Building & Sanitary w.e.f-01.07.2014 & Corrigenda

SL No.	Description of Works	Quantity	Unit	Rate (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
	the exposed surface. S Trap 100 mm SOR, PWD, (Sanitary) P - 54, I - 14(B-iii)				
30	Supplying, fitting fixing CI Round Gratings 150mm dia SOR, PWD, (Sanitary) P - 55, I - 18(ii)	1.000	Each	100.00	100.00
	Construction of 2 circular leach pit of inside diameter 1000 mm. & a depth of 1000 mm. With a layer of 250 mm. Thick brick work with cement morter (6:1) & honeycombed brick wall (4:1) at every alternate layer upto a height of 925 mm. From bottom and then 125 mm. thick brick wall (4:1) for a height of 300 mm. and covered with 75m. RCC slab (4:2:1) with 8mm tor steel @ 150 mm. centre to centre both ways including plustering and neat cement punning on top of the slab and making hooking arrangment on slab for lifting of the slab if require as well as jointing the connection with the inspection pit (450 x 450) covered with 50mm thick RCC slab (4:2:1) with stone chips and necessary renforcement and connected with 100 mm dia PVC pipe laid over rammed earth and then covered the pipe properly with powder earth including supplying fitting fixing fibre glass pan P-tap & polythene pipe as per requirement to connect with the inspection pit complete with all respect as per direction of EIC.(ANNEXURE-II)	1	Îtem	7544.00	7544.00
	TOTAL AMOUNT		Rs.		350000.36
	Say		Rs.		350000,00
	Add for Electrical Works (ANNEXURE-I)		Rs.	7544.00	17858.00
	TOTAL AMOUNT		Rs.		367858.00
	Say		Rs.		368000.00

#### Table-27: ESTIMATE FOR ELECTRICAL WORKS FOR ONE DWELLING UNIT UNDER PMAY

	(ANNEXURE-I)					
Zo Si	Item of works	Unit	Rate	Quantity	Amount	
1	Supplying & fitting polythene pipe complete with fittings as necessary. Under celing /beam/bound with 22SWG GI wire inclusive S & Drawing 1x18 SWG GI wire as fish wire inside the pipe & fittings and providing 55 mm dia disc of MS sheet (20SWG) having colour paint at one face first ended at the load point end of the polythene pipe with fish wire (synchronizing with roof/beam casting work of building construction)  19 mm dia 3 mm thick polythene pipe	RM	39.00	25.00	975,00	

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Powerckt wiring supplying and drawing 1; 1KV grade	RM	76.00	50.00	3800,00
single core stranded FR PVC insulated & unseathed single core stranded		10,00	30.00	3000,00
		1	}	
2 x 2.5 sqmm (PH & N) +1x1.5 sqmm (ECC) per laid polythene nine and by the prelaid GI fish wire & making necessary				
connections as required.				
Concealed Distribution wiring in in 2x1.5 sqmm single core standard *FR* insulated and unseathed cop per wire	points	828.00	10.00	8280.00
cinsulated and unseathed cop per (Finolex make) wire used as ECC in 19 mm bore 3 mm thk. polyythene pipe complete with all accessries embedded in wall smooth run to light / fan/call bell point with pino key type switchb (6 Amps) (Anchor make)				
perspex (wall maching colour) Top cover (3 mm thick) flushed in wall including mending all good damages to original finish Average per point 6.00 mt.				
Deistribution concealed wiring with 2x1.5 sq mm	points	76.00	2.00	152.00
single core stranded 1.1 KV grade Copper Wire (finolex) & 1x1.5 sq mm (ECC) single core stranded (PH & N ) 1.1 KV grade cu wire (finolex) & 1 x 1.5 sq mm single core stranded PVC insulted & unsheathed cu wire (finolex) used as ECC in				
accessories embedded in wall 250 volt 5 amp 3 pin plug point including S & F 250 Volt				
(Anchor make) on existing switch board as mentioned sl. no.3				
Supplying & drawing 1.1 KV grade single core srtanded FR PVC insulated & unseathed single core sranded cu Wire 3x2.5 sq mm (finolex make) in the prelaid polythene pipe & by the prelaid GI fishwire & making necessary connection as	RM	86.00	15.00	1290.00
inside the room another DP near CESC & inside the room				
	Unit	Rate	Quantity	Amount
Supplying Delivery & instalation on wall of 30/32	nos		2	1616,00
amp DP MCBof Havel's make with enclosed box along with all its necessary 1 connection complete.(Anchor)	The state of the s			
Earthing in soft soil with 50 mm dia GI pipe (TATA	each	1715.00	1	1715.00
GI (hot dip) wire (4 m long) 13 mmdia x 80 mm long GI bolts,				
protection (1 mtr long) to be filled with bitumen partlyunder the ground level & partly above GL driven to an average depth of				
	2/	600	16	20.00
SWG (Hot Dip) GI wire on wall /floor with a staples buried inside wall /floor as required & making connection to equipments with bolt, nut, washer, cable lugs etc. as required &	M	0.00	3	30.00
	single core stranded FR PVC insulated & unseathed single core stranded Copper wire (Finolex make) 2 x 2.5 sqmm (PH & N) +1x1.5 sqmm (ECC) per laid polythene pipe and by the prelaid Gl fish wire & making necessary connections as required.  Concealed Distribution wiring in in 2x1.5 sqmm single core stranded PVC cinsulated and unseathed cop per wire Finolex make & 1x1.5 sq mm single core stranded PVC cinsulated and unseathed cop per (Finolex make) wire used as ECC in 19 mm bore 3 mm thk. polyythene pipe complete with all accessries embedded in wall smooth run to light / fan/call bell point with pino key type switch (6 Amps) (Anchor make) fixed on sheet metal (16 SWG) Switch Board with bakelite/ perspex (wall maching colour) Top cover (3 mm thick) flushed in wall including mending all good damages to original finish Average per point 6.00 mt.  Deistribution concealed wiring with 2x1.5 sq mm (PH & N) single core stranded FR PVC insulated & unsheathed single core stranded 1.1 KV grade Copper Wire (finolex) & 1x1.5 sq mm (ECC) single core stranded (PH & N) 1.1 KV grade cu wire (finolex) & 1 x 1.5 sq mm single core stranded PVC insulted & unsheathed cu wire (finolex) as ECC in 19 mm bore, 3 mm thick polythene pipe complete with all accessories embedded in wall 250 volt 5 amp 3 pin plug point including S & F 250 Volt 5 amp 3 pin flush type plug socket & piano key type swich (Anchor make) on existing switch board as mentioned sl. no.3  Supplying & drawing 1.1 KV grade single core sranded cu Wire 3x2.5 sq mm (finolex make) in the prelaid polythene pipe & by the prelaid Gl fishwire & making necessary connection as required (CESC supply to consumer DP near to CESC & inside the room another DP of dwelling units)  Item of works  Supplying Delivery & instalation on wall of 30/32 amp DP MCBof Havel's make with enclosed box along with all its necessary 1 connection complete.(Anchor)  Earthing in soft soil with 50 mm dia Gl pipe (TATA make Medium ) 3.64 mm th. X 3.04 Mtr long and 1 x 4 SWG Gl ( hot dip) wire (4 m long) 13 mmdia x	single core stranded FR PVC insulated & unseathed single core stranded Copper wire (Finolex make) 2 × 2.5 sqmm (PH & N) +1x1.5 sqmm (ECC) per laid polythene pipe and by the prelaid GI fish wire & making necessary connections as required.  Concealed Distribution wiring in in 2x1.5 sqmm single core standard *FR* insulated and unseathed cop per wire Finolex make & 1x1.5 sq mm single core stranded PVC cinsulated and unseathed cop per (Finolex make) wire used as ECC in 19 mm bore 3 mm thk, polyythene pipe complete with all accessives embedded in wall smooth run to light / fan/call bell point with pino key type switchb (6 Amps) (Anchor make) fixed on sheet metal (16 SWG) Switch Board with bakelite/ perspex (wall maching colour) Top cover (3 mm thick) flushed in wall including mending all good damages to original finish Average per point 6.00 mt.  Deistribution concealed wiring with 2x1.5 sq mm (PH & N) single core stranded FR PVC insulated & unsheathed single core stranded 1.1 KV grade Copper Wire (finolex) & 1x1.5 sq mm (ECC) single core stranded (PH & N) 1.1 KV grade cu wire (finolex) & 1 x 1.5 sq mm single core stranded PVC insulted & unsheathed cu wire (finolex) used as ECC in 19 mm bore, 3 mm thick polythene pipe complete with all accessories embedded in wall 250 volt 5 amp 3 pin plug point including S & F 250 Volt  S amp 3 pin flush type plug socket & piano key type swich (Anchor make)  on existing switch board as mentioned sl. no.3  Supplying & drawing 1.1 KV grade single core sranded cu Wire 3x2.5 sq mm (finolex make) in the prelaid polythene pipe by the prelaid GI fishwire & making necessary connection as required (CESC supply to consumer DP near to CESC & inside the room another DP near CESC & inside the room another DP in the proper complete (Anchor)  Learning in soft soil with 50 mm dia GI pipe (TATA make Medium) 3.64 mm th. X 3.04 Mir long and 1 x 4 SWG GI (hot dip) wire (4 m long) 10 be f	single core stranded FR PVC insulated & unseathed single core stranded Copper wire (Finolex make)  2 x 2.5 sgmm (PH & N) +1x1.5 sqmm (ECC) per laid polythene pipe and by the prelaid off fish wire & making necessary connections as required.  Concealed Distribution wiring in in 2x1.5 sqmm single core stranded PVC insulated and unseathed cop per wire Finolex make & 1x1.5 sq mm single core stranded PVC cinsulated and unseathed cop per (Finolex make) wire used as ECC in 19 mm bore 3 mm thk. polyythene pipe complete with all accessries embedded in wall smooth run to light / fan/call bell point with pino key type switch (6 Amps) (Anchor make) fixed on sheet metal (16 SWG) Switch Board with bakelite/ perspex (wall maching colour) Top cover (3 mm thick) flushed in wall including mending all good damages to original finish Average per point 6.00 mt.  Deistribution concealed wiring with 2x1.5 sq mm (PH & N) single core stranded FR PVC insulated & unsheathed single core stranded extranded 1.1 KV grade copper Wire (finolex) & 1x 1.5 sq mm single core stranded PVC insulated & unsheathed cu wire (finolex) & 1x 1.5 sq mm single core stranded PVC insulated & unsheathed cu wire (finolex) & 1x 1.5 sq mm single core stranded PVC insulated & unsheathed cu wire (finolex) & 1x 1.5 sq mm 3 pin plug point including S & F 250 Volt 5 amp 3 pin flush type plug socket & piano key type swich (Anchor make) on existing switch board as mentioned sl. no.3  Supplying & drawing 1.1 KV grade single core sranded cu Wire 3x2.5 sq mm (finolex make) in the prelaid polythene pipe & the prelaid of fishwire & making necessary connection as required (CESC supply to consumer DP near to CESC & inside the room another DP near CESC & inside the room ano	single core stranded FR PVC insulated & unseathed single core stranded Copper wire (Finolex make)  2 x 2.5 sqmm (PH & N) +1x1.5 sqmm (ECC) per laid polythene pipe and by the prelaid Gli fish wire & making necessary connections as required.  Concealed Distribution wiring in in 2x1.5 sqmm single core stranded PVC cinsulated and unseathed cop per wire Finolex make & Ix1.5 sq mm single core stranded PVC cinsulated and unseathed cop per (Finolex make) wire used as ECC in 19 mm bore 3 mm this, polythene pipe complete with all accessries embedded in wall smooth run to light / fan/call bell point with pino key type switch (6 Amps) (Anchor make) fixed on sheet metal (16 SWG) Switch Board with bakelite/ perspex (wall maching colour) Top cover (3 mm thick) flushed in wall including mending all good damages to original finish Average per point 6:00 mt.  Deistribution concealed wiring with 2x1.5 sq mm (PH & N) single core stranded FR PVC insulated & unsheathed single core stranded 1.1 KV grade copper Wire (finolex) & Ix1.5 sq mm (ECC) single core stranded (PH & N) 1.1 KV grade cut wire (finolex) was a ECC in 19 mm bore, 3 mm thick polythene pipe complete with all accessories embedded in wall 250 volt 5 amp 3 pin plus point including S & F 250 Volt 5 amp 3 pin flush type plug socket & piano key type swich (Anchor make) on existing switch board as mentioned sl. no.3  Supplying & drawing 1.1 KV grade single core sranded cu Wire 3x.2 sq mm (finolex make) in the prelaid polythene pipe & by the prelaid Gl fishwire & making necessary connection as required (CESC supply to consumer DP near to CESC & inside the room another DP rear (ESC & inside the room another DP rear (ESC & inside the room another DP of dwelling units)  Item of works  Supplying Delivery & instalation on wall of 30/32 amp DP MCBof Havel's make with enclosed box along with all its necessary 1 connection complete (Anchor)  Earthing in soft soil with 50 mm dia Gl pipe (TATA make Medium ) 3.64 mm th. X 3.04 Mir long and 1 x 4 SWG Gl (I hot dip) wire (4 m long) 15 mmdi

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Rupees Thirteen Thousand Eight Hundred Seven	ty Eight Only	17858.00
	TOTAL	17858.00

Table-28: Cost Estimate for 2 Nos Leach Pit for single unit Dwelling Unit

	Cost Estimate for 2 Nos Leach Pit for P.W.D Schedule of Rates effe	ect from 1st J		mit	
SI	Description of Items	E-II)  Quantity	Unit	Rate	Amount
1	Earth work in excavation of foundation trenches or drains in all sorts of soil (including mixed soil but excluding or stacking the spoils within a lead of 75 m. as directed. The item includes necessary trimming the sides of trenches leveling dressing and ramming the bottom boiling out water as required complete. Depth of exavation not existing 1500mm  P.No-1, I-2(a)	2.500	%Cu.M	12047.00	301.18
2	Cement concrete with graded jhama Khoa ballast (30 mm size) excluding shuttering.  In ground floor and foundation (a) 6:3:1 proportion.	0.050	CuM	5803.06	290.15
3	Brick work with 1st class bricks in cement mortar (6:1). a) In foundation & Plinth P.no-29, I-21(a)	0.010	Cu.M	5719.00	57.19
ı	125 mm. thick brick work with 1st class bricks in cement mortar (4:1) G.Floor P.no-31, I-29	3.000	SqM	714.00	2,142.00
5	Controlled Cement concrete with well graded stone chips (20 - mm nominal size) excluding shuttering and reinforcement with complete design of concrete as per I: 456 and relevant special publications submission of job mix formula after preliminary mlx design after testing of concrete cubes as per direction of Engineer-in charge Consumption of cement will not be less than 300 Kg of cement -with Super plasticiser per cubic meter of controlled concrete but actual consumption will be determined on- the basis of preliminary test and job mix formulaI n ground floor and foundation. [Using concrete mixture] M 20 Grade  P.no-12, I-6(a)	0.145	CuM	6871.54	996.37
	Reinforcemnet for reinforced concrete work in all sorts of structures incl. Distribution bars, stirrups, binder etc. incl. supply of rods, initial straightening & removal of loose rust (if necessary), cutting to requisite length, hooking etc  P.no-27, I-15(a)(i)	0.010	М.Т	68508.00	685.08

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				Total=	7,544.00
			Cost of 2	no leach pit	7,543,97
8	Jaffri brick work 125 mm. thick with 1st class bricks in cement mortar (4:1) including 12 mm. thick cement plaster (4:1) in all faces in ground floor .P.no-32, 1-35	2.000	SqM	792.00	1,584.00
	ii) UPVC Bend 87.5 degree 110 mm dia P.no-174, I-21(B)C(ii)	2.000	Each	162,00	324.00
	i) UPVC Pipe 110 mm dia P.no-173, I-21(A)(ii)	4.000	Mtr	291.00	1,164.00
7	Supplying, fitting and fixing UPVC down pipes A type and fittings conforming to IS 13592-1992 with necessary clamps nails including making holes in walls, etc. and cutting trenches in any soil, through masonry concrete structure etc. if necessary and mending good damages including jointing with jointing materials ( Spun yarn, valamoid / bitumen / M. seal etc.) complete.				

Table-29: Detailed Estimate for Single Dwelling unit

		1	Detailed Estin Floor area 25.77				
7	C/L of main oute	r wall			125 mm	Partitionwall	Varandah C/L
		4.65			3.375		1.275
		0.8			1.15		0.9
		1.15			1.15	2.3	2.175
		3.45			2.187		
		1.15			1.9		
		1.7			1.387	5.474	
		3.375			11.149		
_		1.275					
		2.825					
		3.125					
		23.5					
	X wall	1.25					
Sl.no.					-		
1	Earth workin exc	avation					
	250 mm wall						
	1	23.5	0.75	0.7	12.34		
		0.875	0.75	0.7	0.46		
		24.375			12.8	m3	
	125 mm Wall			1			
		2.625	0.4	0.225	0.24		
	WC	0.4	0.4	0.225	0.04		
	Bath	0.65	0.4	0.225	0.06		
	5.474	0.75		0.225			

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	100 C			at a shin min	t up area 3	2.58 sqm	
	C/L of main o	outer wall			125 mm	Partitionwall	Varandah (
		4.724	0.4	0,225	0.43		
	Varanda	1.425	0.4	0.225	0.13		
					0.88		
	Step	0.5	0.9	0.075	0.034		
					13.715	m3	
2	Soling						
		24.375	0.75		18.281		
		11.45	0.4		4.58		
					22.861		
3	Polythene she	at					
	i orytherie sne	Ci.					
		2.575	3.125		8.047		
		2.875	2,625		7.547		
		2	1.65		3.3		
	passage	0.625	2.375		1.484		
	Bath&WC	2.7	0.9		2.43		
	Varndah	1.025	0.6		0.615		
	step	0.9	0.5		0.45		
					23.873		
4	Jhama concret	e					
			18.28	0.075	1.371		
			4.58	0.075	0.344		
			23.93	0.075	1.795 3.51		
					3.31		
5	Earth work in	filling 1/5 exc					
			13.715	5	2.743		
			23.48	0.375	8.805		
					11.548	m3	
6	B.W (6:1) in F						
		23.5	0.625	14.6875			
		23.5	0.5	11.75			
		23.5	0.375	8.8125			
				35.25	0.15	5.288	
		23.5	0.25		0.525	3.084	
	X wall	0.938	0.625	0.586			
		1	0.5	0.5		-	
		1.063	0.375	0.399			
				1.485	0.15	0.223	
		1.125	0.25		0.525	148/	

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			1	Detailed Estin Floor area 25,77	sqm Bui	it up area 3	2.58 sqm			
	C/L of main o	nite	r wall		SA <sub>2</sub>	125 mm	Partitionwall		Varandah	C
	125mm		3.125	0.25		0.525	0.41			
	Bath&WC		2	0.9	0.25	0.523	0.235			
	Kit		5.224	0.25		0.525	0.686			
-	Vard		1.925	0.25		0.525	0.253			
	Steps		0.5	0.9		0.15	0.068			
		$\neg$	0.25	0.9		0.15	0.034			
							10.427	m3		
7	DPC		23.5							
			1.125							
			24.625		0.25		6.156			
			3.125							
			1.8							
			5.224							
			10.149		0.125		1.269			
							7.425			
	Less		0.9		0.25	0.225				
			0.9		0.125	0.113				
		3	0.75		0.125	0.281				
							0.619			
							6.806	sqm		
8	BW in super s	struc	cture (6:1)							
			23.5							
			1.125							
			24.625	2.75	0.25	16.93				
	Parapet		23.8	0.075	0.25	0.446				
							17.376			
	Less opens									
		1	0.9	2.1	1.89					
		4	0.9	0.9	3.24					
		1	0.75	0.9	0.675					
		3	0.75	0.75	1.688					
			-		7.493	0.25	1.873			
	Lintel									
		1	1.525	1.525						
		4	1.2	4.8						
		1	1.05	1.05						
				7.375	0.25	0.1	0.184			
	Wo2									
		1	3.05	3,05	0.25	at	0.076			
					/	(-)	2.134/			
	Net brick wor	k			/			15.242	m3	

chairman nnagar Mynicipality Konnagar Municipality

			Detailed Estin Floor area 25.77	sqm Buil	ngie Dwellin It up area 32	g unit 2.58 sqm		
	C/L of main out	er wall			125 mm	Partitionwall		Varandah (
9	125 th. Brick wo	ork (6:1)						
	room		3.125	2.6	8.125			
	kit		2.125	2.75	5.844			
			1.65	2.75	4.5375			
			1.45	2.65	3.8425			
	2		0.9	2.1	3.78			
						26.12875		
	Less opening							
	1	0.9	0.9					
	3	0.75	2.25					
			3.15	2.1	6.615			
	Lintel							
	1	1.3	1.3					
	1	1.025	1.025					
			2.325	0.1	0.2325			
					6.8475			
						19.28125		
	Parapet							
		23.5		0.15		3.525		
						22.806		
	passege	0.75		0.55		0.4125		
						23.219	sqm	
10	Conc M-20							
	Roof slab							
	32.15	1.1475	31.003		0.1	3.1		
	Beam		3.625	0.25	0.15	0.136		
			2.575	0.25	0.1	0.064		
7.1-11	Lintel						3.301	
	D1	1	1.525	1.525				
	W1	4	1.2	4.8				
	W2	1	1.05	1.05				
	WO2	1	3.05	3.05				
				10.425	0.25	0.1	0.261	
	DI	1	1.39	1.39				
	D2	1	1.025	1.025				
	D2	2	1.4	2.8				
	02	1	0.875	0.875				
	D2	2		6.09	0.125	0.1	0.076	
	Chaja							
	W1	4	1.2	4.8				
	W2	1	1.03	1.03				

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		- 1	Floor area 25.77	sqm Built	up area 3	2.58 sqm		
	C/L of main oute	r wall			125 mm	Partitionwall		Varandah
	D1	1	1.275	1.275				
	W02	1	3.05	3.05				
				10.155	0.3	0.075	0.228	
							3.866	m3
11	Reinforcement							
		3.866	0.80%	1	7850	0.243	MT	
12	Shuttering							
	31	23.5	1.125					
			24.63	0.25				
	31			6.156	24.844			
	Side beam	2	3.125	0.15	0.9375			
		2	2.325	0.1	0.465			
	side slab	1	25.3	0.1	2.53		-	
	Lintel	1	0.9	0.25	0.225			
		1	1.525	0.1	0.153			
		1	1.275	0.35	0.446			
		1	0.3	0.05	0.015			
						29,615	sqm	
	4W1	4	0.9	0.25	0.9			
		4	1.2	0.1	0.48			
		4	1.2	0.35	1.68			
	2	4	0.3	0.05	0.12			
	1W2	1	0.75	0.25	0.188	+		
		1	1.05	0.1	0.105			
		1	1.05	0.35	0.368			
	2	1	0.3	0.05	0.03			
	WO2	3	0.75	0.25	0.563	-		
	1	1	3.05	0.1	0.305			
		1	3.05	0.35	1.068			
	2	1	0.3	0.05	0.03			
	Lintel 125 Wall							
	DI	1	0.9	0.125	0.113			
		2	1.3	0.123	0.26			-
	D2	2	0.75	0.125	0.188			
	2	2	1.15	0.123	0.46			
	D2	2	0.75	0.125	0.188		-	+
		2	1.9	0.12.5	0.38			
				2.1	w.w.d	7,423		
						37,038	sqm	
						37,030	adın	

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Kannagar Municipality

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			Detailed Estin Floor area 25.7	nate for Si 7 sqm Buil	ngle Dwellin t up area 32	ng unit 2.58 sqm			
	C/L of main oute		1			Partitionwall	T	Varandah	-
13	Plaster (6:1)	3			23 11111	rainnonwan		Varanuar	
	Out side 15 mmt	h.		1				-	
		1	2.85	1.125	0.45				
		25.3		1.1.2	4.425	111.953	sqm		
	Inside 20 mm th.				1.125	111.755	Sqiii		_
	2	2.7	3.125	2.75	32.038				
	2	2.875	2,625	2.75	30,25				
	2	2	1.65	2.75	20.075				
	2	2.075	2.55	2.75	11.413				
	Above lintel	2.075		2.10	11.413				_
	1	0.75		0.65	0.488			-	
	Bath	0.75		0.05	0.400				
	2	0.9		2.75	4.95				_
	WC	0.9		2.13	4,93				
	wc 1	2.95		2.75	0 113				
					8.113				
+	1	2.25		2.75	6.188				
	4	2.2		0.9	7.92				
	T. 125 wall								
	2	0.9		0.125	0.225				
						121.658			
	Open out side les								
	3	0.75		2.1	4.725				
					(-)	4.725			
						116,933	sqm		
	Celling Plaster				24.47				
	Less				1.14				
						23.33	Sqm		
14	Neat cement puni								
	Out side	Plinth							
		25.3	0.45			11.385	Sqm	11.385	
	Inside		2.7	3.125					
		2		5.825	0.1	1.165	Sqm		
			2.875	2.625					
		2		5.5	0.1	1.1	Sqm		
	Kithen		2	1.65					
		2		3.65	0.45	3,285	Sqm	1	
		1		1.65	0.45	0.743	Sqm		
		2		2.075	0.1	0.415	Sqm		
	Varanda			1.775	0.1	0.178	Sqm		
	step WC	1		3	0.45	1.35	Sqm		
	Bath			3.5	2	7	Sqm		_

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Sub-Assistant Engineer Konnagar Municipality

Konnagar Municipality

			Floor area 25.7	7 sqm Built	up area 3	2.58 sqm			
	C/L of main outer wa	П			125 mm	Partitionwall		Varandah	(
				0.75	0,1	0.075	Sqm		
	In side punning						15.31	15.31	
	Total							26.695	S
15	Art. Stone flooring								
	Floor area					25.37	sqm		
	Step	2	0.9	0.25		0.45			
	W1	4	0.9	0.1		0.36			
	W2	1	0.75	0.1		0.075			
	W3	3	0.75	0.1		0.225			
							26.48	Sqm	
16	Ms Clamp for door &	windo	)W						
	D1+D2	4	6			24			
	W1+W2	5	2			10			
							34	nos.	
17	Wood work in Door &	& wind	low frame						
	Dl	2	5.1	10.2					
	D2	2	4.95	9.9					
	W1	4	3.6	14.4					
	W2	1	3.3	3.3					
				37.8	0.075	0.075	0.213	m3	
18	Z batten shutter								
	D1	2	0.775	2.025		3.139			
	D2	2	0.625	2.025		2,531			
	W1	4	0.775	0.775		2.403			
	W2	1	0.775	0.625		0.484			
							8.557	sqm	
19	Iron Butt Hinges								
	D1+D2					12			
	W1	4	4			16			
	W2	1	4			4			
							32	nos.	
20	Iron soket bolt								
	Door			6					
	Window			5					
							11	nos.	
21	White wash								
	Inside+Celling Plaster	r- insid	-						
			116.933	23.33	15.31		124.953	sqm	
						[			

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Konnagar Municipality

1244	C/L of main outer v	vall	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		125 mm	n Partitionwall		Varandah	C
	Out side Plaster- ou	t side pu	nning						
			111.953	11.385			100.568	sqm	
23	Priming on timber s	surface							
	2	2	0.9	2.1		7.56			
	2	2	0.75	2.1		6.3		1	
	4	2	0.9	0.9		6.48			
	1	2	0.75	0.9		1.35			
							21.69	sqm	
24	Painting best quality	y on wo	oden surface						
	same sl.no. 23						21.69	sqm	
25	MS ornamental gril	10 <b>K</b> s	-16 Kg	-					
	Wi	4	0.75	0.75	2,25				_
	W2	1	0.75	0.6	0.45				
					2.7				
					@12Kg	/sqm	32,4	Kg	
26	Priming on Steel su	rface					2.7	sqm	
0.7	The state of the s		1 6				0.7		
27	Painting best quality	y on stee	el surface				2.7	sqm	
	Same Si. Ro. 24								
28	R.C.C. Shelf								
		1.75	0.5				0.875	sqm	
29	Roof treatment with	ow da	ng						_
	Deduct	1.14	(varanda)	32.18		-			
	Comice	25	0.125	3.125					
	COLLIECT	40	V. Lac	27.915			27.915	sqm	_

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# 5.2.2. Detailed Estimate of adoption of Concrete Road:

#### Table-30: Detailed Estimate of adoption of technology for Concrete Road

	Reference of Scheo		G SCHED		), Corngen	da		
SI No	Description of Items	Length	Breadh	Depth	Quantity	Unit	Rate	Amoun
1	Earth work in excavation of foundation trenches or drains in all sorts of soil (including mixed soil but excluding or stacking the spoils within a lead of 75 m. as directed. The item includes necessary trimming the sides of trenches leveling dressing and ramming the bttom boiling out water ags required complete. Depth of exavation not existing 1500mm  P.No-1, I-2(a)	1.00	2.5	0.400	1.000	%Cu.M	12047.00	120.47
2	Filling foundation or plinth by silver sand in layer not exceeding 150 mm. as directed and consolidating same by through saturation with water rammingcomplete. Including the cost of supply of sand.  (a) by fine sand  P.No-2, J-4(B)	1.00	2.5	0.200	0.500	%Си.М	110422.00	552.11
3	Single brick flat soling of picked jhama bricks including ramming and dressing bed to proper level and filling joints with powdered earth or local sand P.no-11, I-1	1.00	2.5		2.500	Sq.M	377.00	942.50
4	Ordinary Cement concrete (mix 1:1.5:3) with graded stone chips (20 mm nominal size) excluding shuttering and reinforcement, if any, in ground floor as per relevant IS codes P.no-24, I-10(n)	1.00	2.5	0.125	0.313	Cu.M	6802.74	2,125.86
5	Brick edging 75 mm. wide with picked jhama bricks, laid true to line and level including cutting necessary trench in sopil or in hard metalled surface, laying the bricks and repacking the trench (on both sides of the edgeing) with spoils and ramming the same throughly, complete as per direction.  (b) Brick-on-end edging (250 mm) depth.  P.No-189, I-3(b)	2.00			2.000	%Mtr	9392.00	187.84
6	Removal of rubbish, earth etc. from the working site and disposal of the same beyond the compound in conformity with the Municipapal /Corporation Rules forsuch disposal, loading into truck and cleaning the site in all respect as per direction of Engineer - in -Charge  P.no-9, I-13	1.00	2.500	0.400	1.000	Cu.M	168.00	168.00
							Toatl=	4,096.78
							Total=	4.097.00

#### Rate Analysis

Brick Work 4:1 in foundation & plinth

Step - I	Schedule Rate	Rs	6068.00(A)
Step - 2	Deduct cost of cement=(Quanty of cement)x(lissue rate of cemen no-1 column-4 Table1-1 of Annexure-1 0.055x8100	t vide item	672.30(B)
Step - 3	Add cost of cement supplied by cost contractor including 10% pro 1.1x(Quanty of cement)x(Basik price of cement vide item no -1 c table-1-1 of annexure -1		672.33 (C.)

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# ESTIMATE FOR CONSTRUCTION OF CONCRETE ROAD 2.5 MRTRE WIDE Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana Housing For All (Urban) Reference of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Corrigenda PWD BUILDING SCHEDULE 2014 SI No Description of Items Length Breadh Depth Quantity Unit Rate Amount Note,- Quantity of cement shall be same as step-2 Final Rate of item = Rs A - Rs B + Rs C = Rs D Rs 6068.03 (D)

# Rate Analysis Ordinary Mix Concreate 1:1.5:3

Step - 1	Schedule Rate	Rs	6802.63 (A)
Step - 2	Deduct cost of cement=(Quanty of cement)x(lissue rate of cement no-1 column-4 Table 1-1 of Annexure-1 0.286x8100	nt vide item Rs	2316.6 (B)
Step - 3	Add cost of cement supplied by cost contractor including 10% pr 1.1x(Quanty of cement)x(Basik price of cement vide item no -1 of table-1-1 of annexure -1		2316.71 (C.)
	Note, - Quantity of cement shall be same as step-2 Final Rate of i - Rs B + Rs C = Rs D	tem = Rs A	6802.74 (D)

### Rate Analysis

#### P.C.C 1:3:6 With Jhama Khoa

Step - 1	Schedule Rate	Rs	5803.00 (A)
Step - 2	Deduct cost of cement=(Quanty of cement)x(lissue rate of ceme no-1 column-4 Table 1-1 of Annexure-1 0.16x8100	nt vide item	1296.00(B)
Step - 3	Add cost of cement supplied by cost contractor including 10% p 1.1x(Quanty of cement)x(Basik price of cement vide item no -1	roffite =	1296.06 (C.)
	Note; - Quantity of cement shall be same as step-2 Final Rate of - Rs B + Rs C = Rs D	item = Rs A	5803.06 (D)

Annexure - II				
Format - A				
(Format for Rate Analysis of Ceme	nt Concrete Item	1)		
Item 7. Ordinary Cement concrete (mix 1:1.5:3) with graded stone chips reinforcement if any, in ground floor as per relevant IS codes.  (i) Pakur Variety	(20 mm nominal	size) exclu	ding shuttering	and
Consumption of Stone aggregate ( Page B-59)	20 mm =	0.573	Cum	
	10 mm =	0.287	Cum	
Distance of site considered =		10	Km	
Steps	Quantity	Unit	Rate	Amount
Step - I Rate of item as per relevant section of this Schedule A =	1.00	CUM	5389.00	5389.00
Step - 2 Add cost of stone aggregate of different grading as per consumption required for one cum of concrete.				
( As per table: T-1)				
Station : kalyani				
20mm Nominal Size:	0.573	CUM	1463.00	838.30
10mm Nominal Size:	0.287	CUM	1296.00	371.95
Total B =				1210,25
Step - 3 Add cost of carriage of stone aggregate as per consumption				
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Chairman Konnagar Mynicipality

required for one cum of concrete.				
( As per table:T-2)				
20mm Nominal Size:	0.573	CUM	178.50	102.28
10mm Nominal Size:	0.287	CUM	178.50	51.23
Total C =				153.51
Step - 4 Add cost for loading and unloading of stone aggregate				
( As per table:T-3)				
20mm Nominal Size:	0.573	CUM	58.00	33.23
10mm Nominal Size:	0.287	CUM	58.00	16.65
Total D =				49.88
Final Rate of Item = $[Rs. A - Rs.B + Rs.C + Rs.D] = Rs.$				6802,64

#### 5.2.3. Detailed Estimate of adoption of Water Connection:

Table-31: Detailed Estimate of adoption of technology for Water Connection

	KONNAGAR MUNICOST ESTIMATE OF THE INTERIOR			SINGL	E
	DWELLING	UNIT			
	P.W.D S.O.R Sanitary and Plumbi	ng Work from	n 1 <sup>st</sup> Jul	y-2014	
SL NO	DESCRIPTON	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	AMOUNT
1 P-11 I-19(I)	Supplying fitting fixing PVC pipes of pproved quality conforming to ASTMD-1785 and threaded to mach with GI pipes as per IS:1239 (Part-I) wit all necessary accessories specials viz.socket, beny, tee, union, cross, elbow, nipple, long screw, reducing socket, reducing tee, short piece, etc. complete in all respect including cost of all necessary fittings as required jointing materials and two coats of painting with approved paint in any position above ground.  (a) For exposed work PVC Pipes 15mm dia	12.00	Meter	106.00	1272.00
2 P- 6 I (f)(i)	Supplying fitting and fixing polythene Bib Cock with metal inlet (EMCO / ATLAS or equivalent) 15mm	3.00	Each	100.00	300.00
	Tota⊨				1572.00

#### Section 6 - Project Implementation & Management Framework

#### 6.1. Institutional Framework for implementation

#### State Level Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee (SLSMC)

Indicative functions of SLSMC

- Approval of Housing for All Plan of Action (HFAPoA)
- Approval of Annual Implementation Plan
- Approval of DPRs under various components of the Mission
- Approval of Annual Quality Monitoring Plans
- Reviewing progress of approved projects in the State and cities
- Monitoring of implementation of Mission
- Any other issues required for effective implementation of the Mission.

#### Konnagar Municipality

- I. Konnagar Municipality shall be the nodal agency for implementation of DPR under HFA and has set up a robust administrative structure for implementation. The roles and responsibilities of the key stakeholder are as follows:
- II. Housing for All Nodal Officer: Executive Officer of the Konnagar Municipality has been designated as the HFA Nodal Officer for the Konnagar Municipality demonstrating the commitment and willingness of the Konnagar Municipality to implement the DPR under HFA
- III. Housing for All Working Group: Konnagar Municipality has created a HFA working group with departmental heads of all key departments including PWD, Revenue, Health, Water Supply, Planning, Poverty and BSUP. The working group was instrumental in preparing the DPR under HFA and going forward will be responsible for the implementation of DPR under HFA
- IV. Slum level federation at city level and slum dweller association at slum level: Konnagar Municipality has two CDS covering 21 wards and plan to establish a slum level federation at city level and slum dweller association at slum level for smooth implementation of HFA and ensuring that the detailed project reports are prepared in consultation with the community. The slum dweller association would also implement the O&M plan, which community had agreed upon, by collecting the contributions amongst themselves and formation of group housing societies as may be required.

#### 6.2. Implementation schedule

- Tendering and process for award of work must be completed within one month from the date approval of the Project.
- Quarterly fund requirement to match the project schedule will be followed as per guideline of the State Government.
- 3. Slum-wise project delivery will be done within six months from the date approval of the Project.

# 6.3 Quarterly component wise investment schedule vis-a-vis means of finance (Central/State/ULB/Beneficiaries share)

Table-32: Quarterly component wise investment schedule vis-a-vis means of finance (Central/State/ULB/Beneficiaries share

Fund Type	Total Project cost		13000	DU for 600 nos		9990	Physical Infrastructure			
	DU for 600 nos	Physical Infrastructur e	Total	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	Total	1st Quarter	2nd Quarte r	Total	
Central	900	0	900	450	450	900	0	0	0	
State	1158	110.4	1268.4	463.2	694.8	1158	55.2	55.2	110.4	
ULB	0	110.4	110.4	0	0	0	55.2	55.2	110.4	
Beneficiarie s share	150	0	150	150	0	150	0	0	0	
Total	2208	220.8	2428.8 0	1063.20	1144.80	2208.00	110.40	110.40		

#### 6.4. Monitoring mechanism at State, ULB and Community level.

Mission will be monitored at all three levels: City, State and Central Government. CSMC will monitor formulation of HFAPoA, Annual Implementation Plans (AIPs) and project implementation. Suitable monitoring mechanisms will be developed by the Mission. States and cities will also be required to develop monitoring mechanism for monitoring the progress of mission and its different components.

#### 6.5. Quality Control & Quality Assurance Plan.

The implementation and management arrangement should mention the role of the State Level Nodal Agency (SLNA), State Level Technical Cell (SLTC), City Level Mission Directorate, City Level Technical Cell (CLTC) and Project Management Consultant (PMC).)

#### Section 7 – Operation & Maintenance Plan

The Road needs to be maintained. It is proposed that operation and maintenance and servicing of these roads should be done by the Municipality. The Bustee Working Committee shall be the first level of responsibility for ensuring that the pipelines etc. are kept in good order. The project cell of the Municipality shall carry out the overall operation and maintenance.

#### Section 8 - Project Financials

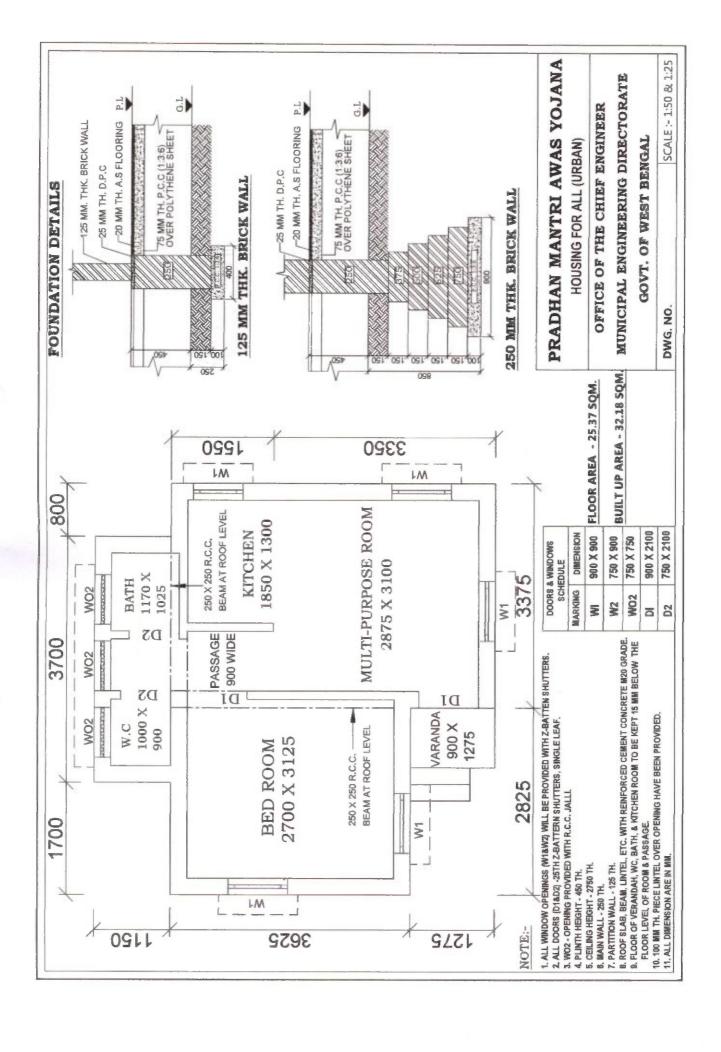
Table-33: Project Financials

Component	Central share	State share	ULB share	Beneficiary Share	Total project
Housing	900	1158	0	150	2208
Infrastructure	0	110.4	110.4	0	220.8
*O&M charges	0	0	0	0	0
*DPR Preparation, PM, TPIM, Social Audit Charges	0	0	0	0	0
Others	0	0	0	0	0
Total	900.00	1268.40	110.40	150.00	2428.80

#### **Future Provision for construction of Housing**

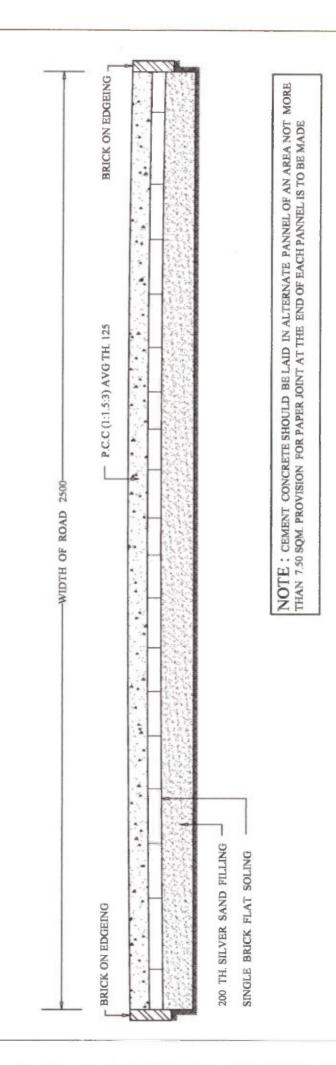
The poor people, who are residing on the land of Railway, the housing will be constructed on the railway land by Konnagar Municipality if the Railway Dept. Govt. of India gives any permission.

Drawing of DU, Road etc.



# KONNAGAR MUNICIPALITY KONNAGAR

TYPICAL CROSS SECTION OF CEMENT CONCRETE ROAD

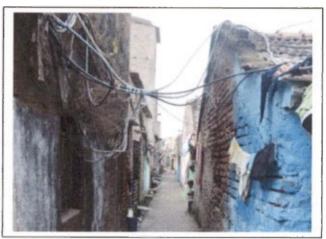


Annexure for Slum and Non Slum Beneficiary List

**Annexure for Slum and Non slum photos** 

# **Slum Photos**





JUBILANE BASTEE

CHAIDEBI BASTEE





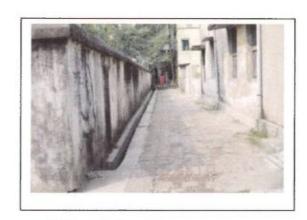


KASARI PUKUR BASTEE

# **Non Slum Photos**



Ward No-1



Ward No-2



Ward No-4



Ward No-5



Ward Nø-7



Ward No-8

		_	>												
				РНОТО				i e	E		No.				
				UID NO.	388966930529	520861850983	634061886105	930174346141	803223366150	545983339148	628641605352	623317150432	908113617361	461917067811	721071337253
				Gender	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	Male	Male	Male
				General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
				EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
	TIV			На											
TPALITY	BENEFICIARY LIST OF KONNAGAR MUNICIPALITY		Category	Minority											
NAGAR MUNICIPA	F KONNAG	WARD -1 TO 20		OBC											
KONNAGAR MUNICIPALITY	TARY LIST C	W,		ST											
	BENEFIC			SC											
				WARD NO.	1	1	1	1	€4	1	Н	H	н	1	1
				Holding No.	15/6/A	15/E	7/H	7/H/1	10	6/20/A/2	6/20	6/9/A	109/8/20	15/41	9/9
				Father's Name / Husband's Name	ARIUN SHAW	DHARMA RAO	SAJJAD HUSSAIN	MD MAINUDDIN	GANESH MALI	ТАИГА СНОЅН	RAMCHANDRA DAS	YUDHISTIR HAZRA	ANSARI	LT. RAM CHANDRA RAO	LT NAGESHWAR
				Name of Beneficiary	SIUCHARAN SHAW	BHASKAR RAO	HYDER ALI	MD SAGIR	BIJAY MALI	SABITRI HAZRA	ANNAPURNA HAZRA	BHAGABATA HAZRA	VANAPALLI CHALAPATI	BAGADI ARPA RAO	JINGA NARASAMMA
				Sl. No.	1	2	m	4	S	9	7	œ	Ø	10	11

Konnagar Muni pality

										(			
	7		5	-	-	314	E.			4		H	
679294215037			818777486384	784700576265	786404894637	309600822140	267315449515	368390532324	726111180080	503846662466	599997009788	910198020245	831878547763
Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	GENERAL	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
									·				
1	1	<b>₹</b> •4	1	1	H	FFF	п	2	2	7	2	7	2
6/5/A	9/9	9/9	9/9	9/9	6	6	3/A	N-32/54	5/A	30	19	N-32/61	18/C
LT RAM CHANDRA	RAM BACHAN	RAM BACHAN	LT ANURODH	LT VIVEKANDA	LT. BHAGWAT	LT SHEO KUMAR	LT. SHEO KUMAR	PURNA CHANDRA SARKAR	BHUPENDRA NATH ROY	NIRAPADA DASGUPTA	BISWANATH	SHIBAJI CHOWDHURY	PACHUGOPAL DAS
MASABATTULA VENKATA RAO	BATTULA PARVATI	KALLURI NARASAMMA	KNDALA	MASABATTULA VENKATA RAO	KUNA RAJU	SATYA NARAYAN SINGH	KILLI ESWAR RAO	SUDIP SARKAR	CHANCHAL ROY	MANJU DEB	SIMA DAS	MAHADEB	SHYAMSUNDAR
12	13	14	15	16	17	оо Т	19	20	21	22	23	24	25

										(			
		h		E			(P.	-	2	11	A see		All
797414140025	509761497745	621454740237			633532917458	590034899209	483425844230	814713628895	209469763656	304660613122	916375829993		464654838088
MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	Male	FEMALE	Male
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General		General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
		1000											
										SC			
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
37/C	18/A	29	N-32/61	130	22	N-32/48	42	N-32/13	4/A	92	3/A	20/8	33
AMULYA	GOPAL CHANDRA DASQ	BALARAM KAR		SAHADAK	DEBABRATA DEY	MAHENDRA LAL BARUA	SANTOSH		SHYAMA CHARAN SARKAR	NETA! MALLICK	LT MADAN KUMAR		
ANANDA SANTRA	KESHAB CHANDRA DAS	JAGANNATH KAR	MAHADEB	PANU BIBI	SHIKHA DEY	DIPAK BARUA	SANJOY SARKAR	ANIMA DAS	HENARANI SARKAR	RINA MALLICK	SUKANTI BEHARA	CHANDANA PAL	K. JOGA RAO
56	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39

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	611650026412	573018357866	733761134113	778879552072		502170161858	758582128966	456860859570	917665521818	652684192708	370835924576	669884707248	477970051891
Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Female	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	Ews	Ews	Ews
7	7	7	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7	2
15/22	6/9	15/24	15/0	15/1	15/1	15/1	15/1	15/6	15/1	6	6	61	6
LT RAJAK	BISWANATH								LT RAGHUNATH	LT SHIBSHANKAR	LT RAGHUNATH	LT MATILAL	LT RAGHUNATH
BINOD KR JENA	A. KRISHNA RAO	K. MOHAN RAO	TRINATH SAHU	S. AMMAI	K. VENKATA RAO	KOMMANA JAGADISH RAO	MASABATULLA VENKATA RAO	B. VEERAJU	K. APPANNA	L. DHARMA RAO	S. K. MURTY	M. LAXMINARAYAN	PENKU SINGH
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	20	51	52	53

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626311848868	324191621559	726009348621	702276551068	748885519805	770271797890			825527765943	734791792809	608305396434	928662993353	818021083416	
Male	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	Male	Male	Male
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	GeneraL	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
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6	2	126/8/2	11/A	39/A/4	59/C	49/A	41/102/A	58/A/6	62/10	185/158	15/13	6/16	6/16
BHUTTU LAL MALLICK	BENU RAY	SHARAT	ABINIKANTA CHOWDHURY	UPENDRA CHANDRA DAS	SANJIT SARKAR	PARAMESWAR ROY	PRATAP SARKAR	SANKAR BARDHAN	DEODHARI	SANKAR PAUL	LT RAMESH CH	LT AU!T	
RAMA DOME	DEBABRATA RAY	MAMANI MALLICK	BARUN KR CHOWDHURY	SWAPAN DAS	TAPASI SARKAR	SUJIT KR ROY	MANJU SARKAR	SANJAY BARDHAN	NATHINI SHAW	SATYA NARAYAN PAUL	U. JYOTI	U. MOHAN RAO	U. APPALASWAI
54	55	99	57	28	59	09	61	62	63	64	9	99	29

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267698840743	239299613029	428880744111	333010420205	915245787824		966860617614	946963123223	447074199777	735987379384	987651634797	933655735477	764528067867	694682600210
Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
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6/16	6/16	4/A/1	5/6	g/s	4/C/1	5/A/1	5/A	6/16	6/16	10/C	10/C	15/10/A	15/6/A
LT GOBANDHAN	NIRAPADA	TRINATH	RABINDRA E	BISWANATH	LAKSHMI NARAYAN	SUPENDAR	LT PRANID NARAYAN	RUHINI	SADHAN	LT	LT JAGADISH	RABINDRANATH	NABIN
NALLA KRISHNA RAO	S. AMMAYI	APPALA SURAMMA	SRI KRISHNA ANDHRA LIBRARY	V. CHALAPATI RAO	P. JAGAMU	U. SENDHRI	U. VEERAYYA	P. CHANDRA SEKHAR RAM	L. LAXMI NARAYANA	DARI YADAV	PANDIRI PAPA RAO	SUNDARA KRISHNA MURTHY	S. K. MURTHY
89	69	70	71	72	73	74	7.5	76	77	78	79	80	81

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249244719206	733888403945	512803452934	252901277816	758971572588	738560485769	51807094541L	442969690525	917075306133	286993559054	726052887181	405576639417	777468735937	870863871564
Male	FEMALE	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
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15/6	14/8/M	00	1/A	п	2/A	37	39/8	12/A	12/A	11/6/1	2/A	8/A	84/8
NARAYAN C	RAMAUTAR	SHYAMLAL	LT NIRANJAN	LATE NARESH CHANDRA	SHASTI SANTRA	LT RABINDRA	LT NARESH	PARTHA	LT JAGANATH	GOKUL CH ADHIKARY	BISWAJIT MAITY	GOPAL ROY	BOMKESH DAS
S. SATYAVATI	SUNITA SHAW	A. KRISHNA RAO	L. BHASKAR RAO	R. GOPI RAO	S.K.ANDHARA BALA BAKTA SAMAJAM	K. BABU RAO	R. RAMA RAO	YARRDULA PRABHAKAR RAO	SIMMAA	SANDHYA ADHIKARY	MANJU MAITY	RAM ROY	BASANTI DAS
82	83	84	85	98	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95

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355059437917	555849489228	623954739658	839270703627	838389397708	529851771768	283033620864	401135733251	252788723491	326723210392	933909515167	859241876431	994019935944	901761266730
MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	GENERAL	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
				Minority									
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212	90	90	80/C	92	76/A	10	N-3/9	11/A/2	11/A/3	4/A	16/A/3	25	8/68
MISHREE RAJAK	SHEOSANKAR SINGH	RAMSINGAR	BHISHANDEB PARSHI	MD NAIM	THAKURLAL	SUJIT	SAMARENDRA	SUNIL BERA	GOBINDA PADA BAKSHI	TARAPADA GUCHAIT	SUDHIR CHANDRA BHUINYA	PARESH SARKAR	CHANDRIKA
BHOLA RAJAK	SURAJ SINGH	HARI SANKAR SINGH	KAUSHLYA PARSI CHOWDHURY	ANWAR ALI	PANNALAL HALWAI	SUJAY SAMANTA	SHIMULENDU DAS	SUMANA BERA	NIVA BERA	KALYANI GUCHAIT	KANAILAL BHUINYA	BUDDHADEB SARKAR	MUTNI DEBI TATWA
96	97	86	66	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109

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457683804020	314040356497	218368789544	870863871564	696345002199	827429954136	323348848690		434233766157	560548551018	926683437019	252788723491	326723210392	
MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General		General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
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4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
24/1/2	2/8	N3/8	84/B	7/2	28/A	11	98/G	11/A	98/8	80/A	11/A/2/A	11/A/1/A	21/A
NANILAL	GOSTA BIHARI MAITY	SWAPAN ROY	SUBAL DAS	RAKHAL CHANDRA SEN	NEPAL CHANDRA PAL	NRISHINGHA DAS PARUI		RAMCHANDRA	SUKUMAR	DASARATH PROSAD MAROWA	ARUN KR MALI	GOBINDA PADA BAKSHI	KASHI NATH
BALAI CHANDRA MONDAL	BRAJENDRA NATH MAITY	BAPI ROY	BASANT! DAS	ARCHANA KUNDU	PURNIMA	PRABIR PARUI	ANUP KR GHOSH	HARI DAS BISWAS	ARUP DHARA	PAPPU PROSAD MAROWA	SUMONA BERA	NIVA BERA	GOPAL NATH
110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123

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		813556095802	534998548796	752012246419	302034049646	889671394119	589448548610		534307680170	283116342969	813180726384	636556722606	439567898824
Male	MALE	MALE	Female	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
											MINORITY	MINORITY	
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	Ŋ
185/ 474/ A	213/A	10/8	185/468/C	185/468/A	185/609	N-185/591	185/477/A	185/554	185/470	N-185/468/A	185/548/A	189/A/10	16/A/5
LT SHAMBU		BALAI	MADAN	LT. GOSTA BIHARI ROY	LT. GOSTA BIHARI ROY	LT. RAGHUNATH	LT. HARI SADHAN	LT. TARAK NATH	LT. HARENDRA NATH	LT. GOUR MOHON	LT. KAILASH	LT. BHOLA	PANKALI MALI
BHARTI RAO	SUBRATA SARKAR	GOBINDA DEBNATH	KOMMANA KALI DAS	K. VENKATA SWAMY	MONA RAY	D. RAJESHWAR RAO	T. APPLASWAMI	T. RAVI	PANDIRI CHIRANJEEVI	SURESH DAS	MANU SEK	MANU SEK	PWAN KUMAR MALI
124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137

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720178728934	377262421951	424714631724										468694724781	
MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
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25/E/3	21/8	18/C	23,9	2/A	2,5	26/C	9/9	26,6	4/A	25/E/3	3/8/2	5/A	4/A/2
NANDA DALAL MANNA	JATINDRA NATH DAS	SAILEN ROY				KRITTIBUS KHANRA					DURGADAS	SUFAL KUNDU	
RAM KRISHNA MANNA	MINA HAZRA	SUDHA ROY	NAMITA CHAKRABORTY	SHYAMSUNDDAR DUTTA	SHANKAR DEBNATH	RABINDRA NATH KHANRA	MINA MANNA	SUPADA SARKAR	ASHIM MAL	RAMKRISHNA MANNA	SHIBRAM MANNA	GITA KUNDU	SANDHYA SRIMANI
138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151

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288569496944	679781017901	707759693222	912040022119					306307650577	550526238598	465569308770	998449265241		655598661481
MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE
GeneraL	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS			EWS	EWS
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156/A/2	156/A/2	26/8	23,9	2/8/1	53/D/5	61/A/	25/C	53/D/13	9/99	2/8/1	52/D/1	57/1	138
SANATAN ADAK	SANATAN ADAK	KRITTIBUS KHANRA	JAGANNATH CHAKRABORTY	BISWANATH LAL	SAMIR CHANDRA GHOSH	GOPAL		SACHINDRA GOSWAMI	KESHTA PADA DEBNATH	NAKHATRA DEBNATH	DIGENDRA CHANDRA SARKAR	ANIL MAJHI	SHANKAR DAS
SOMNATH ADAK	SANKU ADAK	RABI KHANRA	PRADIP CHAKRABORTY	MANIKA ROY	рац сноѕн	JHARNA GANGULY	ASHOKA CHOWDHURY	KAMAL KUMAR GOSWAMI	USHA DEBNATH	ARATI LAL	DWIJENDRA CHANDRA SARKAR	ASHIM KUMAR MAJHI	ABHIJIT DAS
152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165

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670146766110	618635418830	763149930499	285216780019	323967242394	600172601261	782826252656		874499984661	652877086020	634280576282	628090752492	850849425800	533295818728
Male	Male	Male	Male	Mafe	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Female
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
MINORITY	MINORITY												
'n	52	sn.	Ŋ	I/O	'n	S	s	S	150	S	S	5	S
185/548	185/757	185/476	185/596	185/554/A	N-185/468	185/592/A	185/471/A	189/8/17	170/A/1/D	179	170/A/1	179	7/20
LT. BIJOY GOBINDA DUTTA	LT. BIJOY GOBINDA	LT. RADHESHYAM	LT. LAKSMI NARAYAN DAS	LT. TARAK NATH	LT. GOBARDHAN	LT. MAHIT MOHAN PATRA	LATE MADAN MOHON	LT. GIRIJABHUSAN	AMA	LATE ASROF DOME	LT. MOHIT MOHAN PATRA	LAKSHMI NARAYAN DAS	LT PRANAB NARAYAN
SAKADAT SEK	KANIU SEK	SITA DEV!	T, ANANDA SWAMI	UTTA RAJU	L. BHASKAR RAO	P. KRISHNA SWAMI	ALLADA MANGAMMA	B. ANAND RAO	T. NARAYANA	BAL BHADUR	BIHARI RAM	JITU PRASAD	SITA DEVI
166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	771	178	179

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	278821231015	492071532322	925769175687		413857687868	339126826571	200755730575	960367773671	219353292794	540446863384	931217308079	968454307710	
Male	Male	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	Male	Male	Male
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	Ews
S	S	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
144/A/11/C	144/A/11/A	29/C	59/C	15/C	71/20	10/A/1	22/A/3	57/1	156	41	118/A/4	172/D	172/A/3
SUPENDAR	MDJAHIR	SARKAR	UMESH DAS		HARIPADA	KARTICK CHANDRA PACHAL	KANA! ROY	KHOKAN	JATINDRA SAHA	MADAN ROY	BISWANATH	RABINDRA	TRINATH
SANTOSH MAHARANA	PRATAP PANDA	AJIT SARKAR	SHEFALI SARKAR	BHARAT CHANDRA POLLEY	SANJOY	SATINATH PACHAL	SAMIR ROY	SHILA DAS	MAYA ADAK	DEBI ROY	ROBIN PAL	LAL CHAND	LAKHI SARKAR
180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193

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840597537975	413098814965	269531523997	789343037644					812693730481	783070532281	639359216534	827649822858		
Female	Female	Male	Male	Male	Female	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
			MINORITY	MINORITY								Minority	
9	9	9	۵	9	9	9	9	9	7	7	7	7	7
181/A	184	118/A/6	192	185/550	185/757	26	40	36	58/A	40	64/A		26
NIRAPADA	LT GOBARDHAN	RADHA RAMAN	LT RAMESH	LT AJIT PAILEN	LT PRAMOTHNATH			KEDARESWAR ROY CHOWDHURY	HIREN DAS	LITEN	NAREN		
MINU GHOSH	SAMSA BEGAM	BIMAL PAL	SHABUDDIN KHAN	SALIM KHAN	MAYA SARKAR	AJOY KUMAR MONDAL	NAKU ROY	ANJALI CHAKRABORTY	NAMITA DAS	BISWANATH CHAKRABORTY	SUNITI MUKHERJEE	ABDUL HAKIM MALLICK	AMARNATH JANA
194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	506	207

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260872802262	672875479277	985970784504	876545016929	951065990411	712749811276	284972001789	254169815030		404152095240	894330682051	876435424777	878475060416	878475060416
FEMALE	MALE	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Female	Male	Male	Male
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	Ews	EWS	EWS	EWS
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
10/E	56	41/229/A	185/475	24/8	41	64	64/b/1	189/8/15	189/8/17/A	189/8/8/A	189/8/6/A	189/B/17/C	189/8/16
LAKSHMI BARIK	RADHA KRISHANA JANA	LT. NILKAMAL HIRA	LT. DEB KR. GUPTA	GOPAL ROY	LT. SUKUMAR S	LT. ASHUTOSH	LT. ASUTOSH DEBNATH	LT. ASHUTOSH	гт. АЅН∪ТОЅН	PANCHU GOPAL	RAMBACHAN	LT. NEMAI	LT. KHOKAN
MINATI BARIK	MAHENDRA NATH JANA	BISU BISKARMA	RAJU BISKARMA	R. KURMA RAO	SREE CHANDAN RAO	SREE BHAGWAN SHAW	S.N.A.Y.S SANGAM	MANGAL KOIRI	BABULAL SAHA	USHA NAYAK	TARINI PARIDA	RAM PATI RAM	DAMURU JENA
208	509	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221

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800886254036	925989813292	929019762717		498481679321	979649463537					256446450266	204538751224		421132787645
Male	Male	Male	Female	Male	Male	Male	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	Male	MALE	Male
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	GeneraL	General	General.	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
						MINORITY					MINORITY		
189/8/6/A 7	189/B/6/A 7	189/8/19/A 7	189/A/A 7	189/A/5	189/A/14 7	189/A/17/1	80	48	116 8	4/A 8	189/A/16 8	116 8	189/A/2/3 8
	SANATAN		SATYA	DHARMA	АВНІЛТ	MAKBUL HOSSAIN	KALPANA GHOSH CHOWDHURY			KANAILAL BAG	LT, RAMAJIT MALLAH		
SHYAM BEHARI RAM	SERU DAFADAR	DIPAK DAS	M. PADMA	AVAD KISHORE HARIJAN	B. SALAJAMI	AKBAR ALI	SANJAY GHOSH CHOWDHURY	SHEFALI RANI BHATTACHARYA	RABIN ADAK	JHUMA BISWAS	LUKMAN SEK	RABIN ADAK	SUKU
222	223	224	225	526	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235

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Male	Female	Male	Male	Male	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
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189/8/18	189/A/2/A	189/A/2	N-198/C/1	189/8/14	70/41	70/107	70/26	N-201/F	7	13/E	70/111	91/01	82/07
						LT KANAKLAL CHOWDHURY	NARAYAN CHANDRA THAKUR	DURGAPADA ROY	NARAYAN CH SHAW	JAGADISH CHANDRA DEY	BHUPENDRA NATH BANERJEE	BHUPENDRA NATH BANERJEE	BRAJENDRA PRASAD MITRA
BASIRUL HUK	MANTA BEGAM	SEKH ASIDALI	SIRAJ DAFADAR	IBRAHIM HOSEN	RAMENDRA ROY	MALATI	PRADIP THAKUR	SUBHAS ROY	AJIT KUMAR SHAW	RANJIT CHANDRA DEY	PRABIR KUMAR BANERJEE	JADUNATH BANERJEE	CHHAYA RANI ROY
236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249

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892255515727		364780920316	226533641644	310586546199	761516691610	547338916762	581409035724	386329215529	916682289992	688829159576	751862381552	203956877197	939179164276
FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	Male	Male	Male	Female	Male	Male	Male	Female	Fernale	MALE	Male
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
				MINORITY			WINORITY				MINORITY		MINORITY
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70/83	152/8	70/75	185/295	N-67/49/D	167/49/D	185/750	185/637/A	N-106/6/A	167/11/A	185/544	185/130/A	70/33	185/197/A
GOKUL CH RAY		BHUPENDRA NATH BANERJEE						KALA	RABINDRANATH	LT RAJU DAS		MONORANJAN	LT BIJOY
RUPA BHOWMICK	SOBHA RUI DAS	JAGANNATH BANERJEE	MANIK LAL MAJI	MANAN SEK	BABULMAJI	MALA DAS	SEK NAJRUL	SEK PANTO	BISWAJIT SARKAR	SIBANI DAS	MAHILA BIBI	SHYAMAL SINGHA ROY	ABU TALEB
250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263

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				0	40		Co.				-6	E	42
483640051897	798589946849	335334707367	743888741529	737985139595	404288753508	636995196240	449904837087	664707433399	253501899075	898702648624	428482209789	737788089777	991060229570
Female	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	Female	Female	Male	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Male	Male
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
MINORITY											MINORITY	MINORITY	MINORITY
6	6	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
185/540	80	20/A	74	185/296	105/A/1/D/1	N/106/10	185/237/8	185/750/A	185/627	119/E	185/281	185/255	185/256
FANINDRA	KESHAB	AJIT DAS	PRAFULLA ROY	LT RAMESH CHANDAR	LT HARIMOHAN MITRA	LT DULAL	LT RAJENDRA	LT SITA NATH DAS	BIRENDRA	LT SAILEN	LT SAUANANDA	LT BIRENDRA	LT JITEN
RASIDA BIBI	DEBASIS MALLICK	SURAJIT DAS	DULU GHOSH	SITA DEVI	BASANTI SHAW	MUNILAL SINGH	BUTA MAJHI	ANEMI LOKNATH	MANIK DAS	HUSENA BIBI	M. D. SAMMAD	RAHAMAT ALI	M. D. NASIR
264	265	566	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	7.7.2

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351320635322	842046591203	984889970647	361996238997	819099147099	439470867665	825308460664	237692678259	329252954677	872379109901	717410021614	616411231792	504999619334	243859106543
Male	MALE	Female	Male	MALE	MALE	Male	Male	Male	Male	MALE	MALE	Male	Male
General	General		General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
MINORITY			MINORITY			MINORITY	MINORITY	MINORITY	MINORITY			MINORITY	MINORITY
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10	20	11	11	20	20	11	11	11	11	20	20	11	11
185/531	1104	185/750/8	185/279/A	1193	21/1/A/1	185/237	167/16/A	185/253	185/253/A	19/A/3/A	1194	167/11	185/665/8
	SUDHIR	LT SANTO		BIRENDRA NATH SARKAR	MOTILAL PAUL	MAHENDRA	LT SISIR SEN	KARTICK	LT PANCHU	ANUKUL CH DEY	SUDHANSHU DAS		
S. K. MOTBUL RAHAMAN	RATAN MONDAL	FUL BIBI	M.D.MUSLIM	SUJIT SARKAR	TARAK PAUL	M. D. YUSUF	M.D.NESAR AHAMAD	M.D.NAIMUDDIN	M.D. NATISH	PRAVA DEY	SANJIT DAS	S.K. AJJUL HAQUE	M.D.AJMAT ALI
278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291

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620158208598	887824219963	677588817517			348472215615	451838366303	298954768191	292480411872	479536763285	642328275178		243713733035	594333704073	
Female	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	Male	Male	Male	MALE	Female	Female	Female	MALE	
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	
						MINORITY	MINORITY	MINORITY		MINORITY	MINORITY	MINORITY		
=	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	20	12	12	12	20	
102/31	40	19/1/1	19/C/2	31/A	102/25	185/315	102/11	185/306	1175	105/A/10/A	185/19/A	185/312/A	185/163	
	KRISHNA CHANDRA GHATAK	KHAGENDRA CHANDRA DAS	RABIN ROY	ASHUTOSH GOSWAMI					NAGEN				SUDHANSHU DAS	
MAI MUN ESA	SURAJIT GHATAK	PANCHU DAS	BEBY ROY	DEBASHIS GOSWAMI	MADARASA BHAUSULWARA	ISMAIL KHAN	M.D.JAWAD	M.D. JAMAD	BISHNUPRIYA BASAK	RADHA DEBI	ROSHAN BIB!	JUBAISA BIBI	BISWANATH DAS	
292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	

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891932012788	873148262355			605214978750	616301571147	227522201539	485133843276	933620057031	763983155462	544722381204	412066037942	968618502355	843926052804
Female	Male	Male	Male	Male	Female	Female	Male	Male	Male	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
									MINORITY				
12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	13	13	13	13
167/28	102/22	N/106/11	185/544/A	185/634/8	185/634/C	167/54	185/307	185/316/A	167/22	1	46/1	2/A	10/C
										HARENDRANAT H BOGI	SHIBU POREL	LAXMI NARAYAN PATRA	LAKSHMI NAYARAN DAS
BELI BIBI DAFADAR	MANTU DAS	BIMAL PAL	GOPAL DAS	SAMIR JENA	JAYANTI JANA	TAPASI BARIK	BABLA PAL	AKALI DAFADAR	SEK SUKURUDDIN	JHARNA BOGI	TAPAN POREL	GOPAL CHANDRA PATRA	SUKUMAR DAS
306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319

449503703653 218420285624 471444724060 554922938417 352762341155 822717427331 263614361141 305017223929 766506137719 Fernale Fernale FEMALE FEMALE MALE General General Seneral General EWS MINORITY 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 185/23/B N/185/533 A/081/581 185/762/A 185/649 185/746 185/743 185/634 185/422 185/594 4/A 1/F 258 98 SAILENDRA NATH DAS KALIPRASAD DAS SANKAR PRASAD R. TOYAJAKSHDU L.SANMUK RAO M.SANKAR RAO ANITA MONDAL MAKABUL KHA SAMIRUL HAQ ANIL RAJBHAR KHAIRU NISA KAIRUL KHA LAXMI DEVI NISARUL LILA DEVI 320 325 326 327 328 329 332 333 321 322 323 324 330 331

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516902586861	402132995546	208588928528	992318048727		990129406646	945851871174	773123911071	385563327650			938199624707	222462970793	495495004721
Male	Male	Male	Male	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
13	13	13	13	14	14	14	14	14	15	15	15	15	15
185/597	167/14	167/10/A	167/21	16/A/3	21-May	7	360/F	100/H/2	26/D	26/C	8/D	N/21/2/A/1	1/A
				PADMARANI MALAKAR	UPENDRA MOHAN CHAKRABORTY	AJAY KUMAR DEY	SUSANTA PALIT	BALAI KUNDU		KALI DAS	ASHIM KR BOSE	SATYA CHARAN DAS	KESHTRA MOHAN BASU
SHARMA	L.SANMUK RAO	SAPAN DAS	BASANT LAL HALWAI	NARAYAN MALAKAR	ANIL CHAKRABORTY	PRATIMA GHOSH	BISWA NATH PALIT	HARADHAN KUNDU	GOUTAM DAS	SHILA DAS	MAMONI GHOSH	SWAPAN DAS	SADHAN BASU
334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347

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						E	F			No.			
873221815392	512191652339	553018991823	281165111770	527852873971	261503055121			890908098109	3222026281339	776090757121	969721718305	390839723208	432643273794
FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	Female	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	16	17
26/C	25	16/8/2/8	8/A/1	26/D	3/M	33	91/A		128/2/A	18/B	130/3/A	2/E	N-185/618
RAM DAS	DHIRENDRANAT H MITRA	JANMEN JOY PRADHAN	MANORANJAN DEBNATH	RAM DAS	RABINDRA NATH MUKHERJEE	VIM CHANDRA DAS		BISWANATH	KRISHNA CHANDRA DAS	MEGHNATH	BIPIN BIHARI DAS	KRISHNA CH DAS	NARAYAN SAHA
SHILA DAS	BINAPANI BAG	BAKUL PRADHAN	SHANTA DEBNATH	GOUTAM DAS	TANMAY MUKHERJEE	RUPA HALDER	MAHENDRA RAJAK	SILA DUTTA	ASHOK DAS	KALI SANKAR JANA	PRADIP DAS	SAMAR DAS	TARUN SAHA
348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361

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329827941517	724627423308	784700576265	350545474448	786404894637	309325017381	619528053589	941522266366	458337389076	701007201072	410470415773		517316662898	
MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
185/468/8	185/656	189/A/3/A	189/A/5	189/A/5	189/8/16	185/476	185/757/A	185/757	185/353	185/712/A	185/711	118/A/6	189/8/16
PARESH CHANDRA DAS	SUDHIR	ASHOK HARI	ASHOK HARI	SATISH	JAGANNATH	DHIRENDRA NATH NANDI		АМИLYА GHOSH	BIBHUTI BHUSAN DAS	RAMANIKANTA ROY		NANI GOPAL CHAKRABORTY	
AMARENDRA CHANDRA DAS	BALARAM ADHIKARY	SUJATA ROY	SUJAN HARI	DIPALI HARI	ALPANA BHUIYA	SHANKAR MOY NANDI	SAMIR GHOSH	SHYAMAL GHOSH	DEB KUMAR DAS	BINA ROY	KALIDAS BALA	NIHAR	ALPANA BHUIYA
362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375

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		271956604667		778879552072	907734516991	454714330380	465891574670	550701091618	917090400006	349784246239	971353501746	639364709630	739472325838
MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	18	18	18	18	18	188
189/8/17	189/14	185/468/C	185/468/A	189/8/14	158/707	189/A/3	189/A/5/1	167/11	319	185/108	185/332	185/108A	192
	MURARI MOHAN SHARMA	PARESH CHANDRA DAS		ABHINASH DAS	PIYARI KUMAR PAL	MAHA BHARAT SANYASI	MANIK LAL BHATTACHERJEE	ANIL RAKSHIT	ANIL MANDAL	RABINDRANATH BANERJEE	SUJIT SARKAR	RABINDRA NATH BANERJEE	DAYAL HARI MALAKAR
BISHNUPADA DAS	MIRA SHARMA	BIMAL DAS	PRATAP CHANDRA DAS	NIRMAL DAS	KRISHNA KUMAR PAL	BISHAKHA ADHIKARY	SUMITA HARI	NEMAI RAKSHIT	BAPI MANDAL	RAMEN BANERJEE	TUMPA DAS	BINOY BANERJEE	SAMIR MALAKAR
376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389

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					3					E	No.	3	
701356803523	353625165488	364270746879					320369090914	627168506168	234175437702	250420280113	296074329825	498481679321	286993559054
FEMALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
ω	80	90	80	m		e .							
18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	100	18	18	188	18	138
185/729/A	167/9	185/618	185/410	185/464/1	41/22/A	41/22/B	185/516	185/743	41/83	15/A	105/A/1/G/1	185/410	167/11
MUKUNDA PAL	SUBHASISH	SATYA RANJAN DAS	ATIN BANERJEE	SWAPAN DAS	ATIN CHANDRA GOSWAMI		NEPAL CHANDRA BISWAS	MANIK LAL SEN	GOPAL KUNDU	ABANI KANTA DASGUPTA	NAKSHATRA BHOWMICK	BIMAL	ANIL RAKSHIT
BINA PAL	MITHUN CHAKRABORTY	BHANUSANKAR DAS	CHANDANA BANERJEE	SUJOY DAS	CHANDAN GOSWAMI	SARASWATI	RATAN BISWAS	RABIN SEN	DHIREN KUNDU	АВНАЅН DASGUPTA	BISWANATH	CHANDANA BANERJEE	MADHAB RAKSHIT
390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403

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		740	J				1						10.5
898181648820	218959854387	886654595899	381122883245	687975017666	958228104446	881679829590	452958617788		992002768829	316308486965	317657374615	758582128966	798320798402
MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS.	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
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18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
185/189	185/318	105/A/2	185/516	185/711	185/189	185/392/C	N-185/482	27/A	185/397	185/397	185/114	167/49/D	185/238
SWAPAN DAS	GOPAL CH GAIN	KRISHTA CHANDRA GHOSH	JITENDRA	KALIDAS BALA	PABAN DAS	MAHENDRA NATH MAJUMDAR	SUDHANSHU LODH ROY		JIBAN MONDAL	JIBAN MONDAL	NANI GOPAL KUNDU	GOURANGA SAHA	SURBALA MONDAL
RATAN DAS	MADHAB GAIN	BABUL GHOSH	SOBHA BISWAS	LAKSHMI BALA	DILU DAS	ALIT MAJUMDAR	MADHABI LODH ROY	BITHIKA SAHA	PRASENJIT MONDAL, JIBAN MONDAL	SHEBAK MONDAL	AJIT KUNDU	SURAIIT SAHA	NIRANJAN MONDAL
404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417

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			1		LE CONTRACTOR		E.	*					
931278810710	441650460165	378993142771	909025734636		312900242010		460706494457	639437829693	476379931758	705028721630			993664352330
FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	Ews	EWS	Ews
18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
185/598	185/19/A	105/A/1/A	185/423	102/A/53	185/617	185/195/A	185/422/8	167/24/8	185/483	N-41/83	185/423	N/119	N-185/482
GANESH BAG	CHANDRAHAR	HERANBA KR DEY	PRAFULLA CHANDRA DAS			BISWANATH DEY	HARI NATH DAS	KALACHAND	GANESH CHANDRA DEBNATH	BARADA KANTA CHAKRABORTY	LT PRAFULLA RANJAN SARKAR	MANORANJAN BASAK	SURESH CHANDRA LODH ROY
JYOTSNA MONDAL	KARTICK MAJUMDAR	ANJALI PRAVA DEY	SHIB SANKAR DAS	BASANTI DEY	NABATARA MALLICK	SUSHAMA DEY	PRADIP DAS	AMIT DAS	SUSHAMA	RAMESH	SHIB SANKAR SARKAR	TAPAS BASAK	GOUR SHANKAR LODH ROY
418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431

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469986536025	818475225941	269531523997	531352413105	879568606406	305488858294	531503926552	272291276656	333010420205		940549259882	982466666887	316308486965	969098978576
FEMALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	Male
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
													MINORITY
80	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	100
185/31	102/6	167/10/A	167/43	N-1189	167/24/A	167/34	185/482	N/106/10	185/595/8	185/39/C	185/39/8	185/397	185/482/A
MANORANJAN HALDER	NIRANJAN DAS	UMESH CHANDRA MALAKAR	NISHI KANTA DAS	MONORANJAN BASAK	KALACHAND DAS	BUDDHADEB GUHA	NARENDRA CHANDRA DUTTA	BIREN	SUBRATA MITRA	SUDHIR PAUL	SUDHIR PAUL	JIBAN MONDAL	
BIBHA MONDAL	KARTICK DAS	RADHAMADHAB MALAKAR	ANIMA DAS	TAPAS BASAK	SAMIR DAS	TAPATI KARMAKAR	DIPTI LODH ROY	SABITA BHATTACHERJEE	RADHA RANI MITRA SUBRATA MITRA	NIVA ROY CHOUDHURY	RAMA DEBNATH	SEBAK MONDAL	AJMAL ALI
432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445

Konnagar Municipality

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525246146884	992715906078	870044697472	397445172252	455793621408	418021571718	930440637297	295618140655	808819440393	584904726308	479536763285	400836516277	816184219209	383886367475
Female	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	FEMALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	Ews
18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	19	19
185/595	21/8/4	41/6	44/33/A	185/197	185/18	N/106/14	101/E/1	75/A/35	16	13	27/A	41/207	460
												GANDHI CHANDRA NANDI	ATUL CH GOSWAMI
KAMURU NISA	A. NARAYANA	NEELU DEVNATH	BIRENDRA KR RAM	MANGAL RAJBHAR	LAXMAN MALAHA	RAM PRAVASH SAHANI	SAMIR DAFADAR	BRIJLAL GUPTA	ACELAL GUPTA	SUKUMARI MALAHA	RAJESH RAJBHAR	GITA BANIK	CHANDAN
446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459

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378537880645	286410107256	858108723408	822250265220	4333333794643	219694810618	902073590155	499245230056	447312900683	306736104928	397610471403	386640640917	451400287520	496255458868
MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
41/99	1061	820/1/A	299	185/658/A/1	41/234/A	41/230	41/100/A	41/198	44/11	41/92	44/11	41/43	41/227
PRANKRISHNA SAHA	PARITOSH ROY	NARAYAN GHARAMI	GOSAI CHANDRA DEY	SUBODH SAHA	NARESH CHANDRA DHAR	GOPAL PODDAR	BINOD	UPEN ADHIKARY	ANIL GHOSH	KESHAB DAS	TARAPADA GHOSH	NITYA GOPAL GHOSH	TARAPADA DAS
PRADIP SAHA	PRADIP ROY	CHAINA ROY	SENTU DEY	SUBRATA SAHA	BISWANATH DHAR	GOUTAM PODDAR	GOURANGA KARMAKAR	AMAL ADHIKARY	KRISHNA PADA GHOSH	SANKAR DAS	SUBHAS CHANDRA GHOSH	GOPAL GHOSH	TINKU DAS
460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473

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		373635047426	496255458868	528893031957	583582152453	244804429777	289989796698	238903351375	710285092042	696326384306	600738055278	872296592683	492448593420
MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	Genera!	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
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19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
185/658	41/234/A	25/F	41/227	41/48	41/141/A	N/185/618	16/14	280	N-118/10	N/185/618	185/400/A	185/712/B	1852/679/A
	NARESH CHANDRA DHAR	SANTOSH KR GHOSH	TARAPADA DAS		AJIT KARMAKAR	SURESH CHANDRA SAHA	МАДНАВ ЅАНА	ASIT BARAN KANSABANIK	KESSHAB	SURESH CHANDRA SAHA	ANIL CHANDRA DAS	PANCHU GOPAL MONDAL	DULAL DAS
SUBRATA SAHA	BISWANATH DHAR	RAJU GHOSH	TINKU DAS	DURGA BISWAS	SUNITI KARMAKAR	RATAN SAHA	PRATAP SAHA	PRATHAM KUMAR KANSABANIK	SUNIL KUNDU	CHOTAN SAHA	SHAMBHU DAS	ANJALI BISWAS	KESHAB DAS
474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487

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	473569943596	489770087996	254513838792	485963728011	445637181263						461785368341	566868515510	359547077203
MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
185/407/A	185/404	185/404	185/404	185/338	402	44/50/8	41/134	41/158/8	185/558	44/25	41/241	185/338	185/338
	MANORANJAN	SURENDRA KUMAR DEY	MANORANJAN	BRAJA GOBINDA DUTTA	RASARANJAN DAS	PARITOSH ROY		GOSAI DEY		BINAY KR GHOSH	MRINAL KANTI ROY	BRAJAGOBINDD A DUTTA	BRAJA GOBINDA DUTTA
GOUTAM DAS	KAMAL DEY	HARADHAN DEY	TARAK DEY	SHEFALI DAS	BASANA DE SARKAR	PRADIP ROY	PRATHAM KUMAR KANSABANIK	SENTU DEY	IRA KAR	RABISHANKAR GHOSH	GOURI HAZRA	GURUDAS DUTTA	SUKUMAR DUTTA
488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	200	501

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853957120321	483226307279	809737200097	719454767078	944199120449	244622838310	585328073186	900529404903	816184219209	721839107473	985168452984			
MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	Genera!	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
													45
19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
41/49/A	185/631	41/206/A	185/712/C	41/78/8	185/557/A	185/558	185/557/8	41/207	41/242/C	41/242/8	41/140/8	41/161/A	185/400/A/1
SADANANDA KUNDU	MATILAL	ANIL KUNDU	RAMANI KANTA BISWAS	HARINARAYAN	JITENDRA NATH SARKAR	PRITHWISH BAISHYA	HRISHIKESH DAS	GANDHI CHANDRA NANDI	MONORANJAN	MONORANJAN KARMOKAR	DIPANKAR BAIRAGI	SHIB CHARAN DEY	ANIL CH DAS
GOUTAM KUNDU	MAJUMDER	SHIPRA KAR	ASIT BISWAS	ANANTA	BIMAL SARKAR	IRA KAR	RUMA SARKAR	GITA BANIK	SHYAMAL	SUBOL KARMOKAR	SIKHA BAIRAGI	GOUTAIN DEY	SAMBHU DAS
505	503	504	505	909	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515

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		318414275149	850615019627	410470415773	259718894993	667015927159	493581662564	858081086518	434957422439	812765181601	318888664771	337183333703	683980286401
MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE
General	General	General	GeneraL	General	General	General	General	General	GeneraL	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
44/11	41/134/A	41/204/A	41/76	185/712/A	41/52	41/131	41/242	185/663/B	20/5/A	185/510	185/424	185/432	185/633/A
	ASIT KANSABANIK	JATIN MONDAL	SHANKAR DAS	RAMANIKANTA BISWAS	JOTINDRA NATH ROY	NIRMALENDU BANIK	MANORANJAN	BHAJAN GOSWAMI	ANIL CHANDRA GHORAI	KALIKRISHNA MONDAL	BIJAY KRISHNA MONDAL	RAHINIKANTA SEAL	KANAI LAL SAHA
KRISHNAPADA GHOSH	UDYAN KANGSABANIK	PRASANTA MONDAL	KHOKAN DAS	BINA ROY	SWAPAN ROY	DEBASIS BANIK	GOPAL KARMAKAR	MAINAK GOSWAMI	ANITA BERA	NIRANJAN MONDAL	RABIN MONDAL	RAJANIKANTA SEAL	КЕЅНАВ ЅАНА
516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529

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941440763029	659170659124	637654097752	471981238586	980016509691	559439068916	335471850770		281365243798	699529181360	269476052361	616210134721	860960329279	936986516220
MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	Ews	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
185/633/8	41/103	185/621	185/424/A	185/613/A	185/535	185/633	185/651	185/510	185/510/A	41/148	41/36/A	185/535/N/2	185/510/B
KANAI LAL SAHA	KARTICK CH ACHARYA	BINOD BIHARI DAS	BIJAY KRISHNA MONDAL	KRISHNA	BIBHUTI	KANAI LAL SAHA	BIRESWAR	KALI KRISHNA	KALI KRISHNA	SUKUMAR	NIRMAL	MAHENDRA PAL	KALI KRISHNA
SHAMBHU SAHA	KANTI LAL ACHARYA	PREMANDA DAS	RANJIT MONDAL	DIBYENDU SARKAR	DIPANKAR CHATTERJEE	MADHAB SAHA	ALPANA DAS KARMAKAR	SUKHARANJAN MONDAL	JALADHAR MONDAL	NIRANJAN DEY	GOURI SARKAR	ARCHANA DAS	KHOKAN MONDAL
530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543

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	じ上		A. C.					1	F	2			
230938030655	932596975364	404104603128	386640640917	599385873439		487877017701	914336649882	226050382198	480769023607	739066091618	203023436334	275648501176	590833696872
MALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	Male	Maie	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General		General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
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19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
41/140	185/674	185/697	44/11/8	41/117/A/1	41/74/B	21/3/F	185/56/A	185/751/A	185/346	185/519/A	185/55	185/348	185/395/A
SATYACHARYAN BISWAS	PARESH	PARESH PAL	TARAPADA	SUSHIL KUNDU									
JAHARLAL BISWAS	DILIP DHAR	ALAKA DAS	SUBHASH CHANDRA GHOSH	TANMAY KUNDU	MANINDRA CHAKI	BAPI BAHADUR	MUNNA LAL PRASAD	KRIHNA LAL	K.RAMA KRISHNA	DILIP YADAV	MAHAVEER SHOW	DASRAT RAM	SANTI DEVI RAJBHAR
544	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557

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916795566508	818631008771	286272502091	391742212134	481265873866		322918486312							
Male	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
19	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
102/23	185/78	20/20	185/685/A	185/57/A	185/341	N-185/437/A	26/5/A	20/18/8	185/60	177	20/20	21/8/8	185/60/B
	RAJENDRANATH ROY	HARIPADA BURMAN	NAGENDRA NATH BASU	BIMAL		ABINASH BHATTACHARYA		BIJOY DEY	HABU ROY			MANI DAS	LALCHAND
CHOTELAL MAHATO	JIBAN KRISHNA ROY	RATAN KUMAR BURMAN	AMAR BASU	SUKDEB KARMAKAR	BHUSAN CHANDRA DEBNATH	АКЅНҮАҮ ВНАТТАСНАКҮА	KRISHNA CHANDRA MUKHERJEE	SABITA DEY	GITA ROY	PRALAY KR HIRA	RATAN KR BARMAN	SWARAJ DAS	SURICHI RAJBANSHI
558	559	260	561	295	563	564	265	999	295	568	569	570	571

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						228021627065	367664750804	284868214148	541950630729		403794988475	693965647210	712148872440
FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	Male	Male
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General		General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
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20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
185/445/8	1/21/2009	N-184/13/B	26/5/8	185/77	185/195	21/8/19	26/11/A	185/404	71/109/C	185/172/A	20/7/A	185/88	185/695
BHAGIRATH	RADHAKRISHNA SHAW	SUDHIR DAS	NANI GOPAL DEY	KALIPADA GHARAMI	GAGENDRA NATH MAITY	BADAL DAS	KUNJALAL KARMAKAR	BHAGABAN CHANDRA DEY	SUSHIL KUMAR DEY		SATISH MONDAL		
SUJATA MONDAL	SWAPAN SHAW	MAHADEB DAS	DEBU PRASAD DEY	KALPANA BANERJEE	KRISHNA MAITY	LAKSHMIKANTA DAS	USHA DUTTA	SHANKARI PRABHA DEY	SHAIBAL DEY	BULA RANI DAS	PARITOSH MONDAL SATISH MONDAL	SIVSANKAR	TAPAN DHUEL
572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585

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265575300235	730482036157		969708975541	890140023070	301836524075	615503923204	924010125453	730023142592	624942750501	510840316859	894071072261	822717427331	809962691304
Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Małe	MALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	FEMALE	MALE
General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General	General
EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS	EWS
			MINORITY										
20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
185/162/A	185/222	185/58	185/12/A	185/486/1	N- 185/713/b	118/C/1	185/645	185/71	21/2/R	N-186/A/6/D	185/233/8	21/8/9/A/2	185/186
							DEB KUMAR GUPTA	NITYANANDA	KURORAM DAS		SUDHANSHU ROY	PARITOSH	MANIK CHAND DAS
M.JAGGA RAO	J. SANESH	K. SUNDAR RAO	AKBAR ALI	VIJAY PRASAD	KAMALA DEVI GUPTA	SHARMA RAJBHAR	GOUTAM GUPTA	JIBAN KRISHNA PAUL	LAKSHMI DAS	DOLLY BISWAS	JHUMKI MONDAL	BANYA PAL	SUNIL DAS
586	587	588	589	290	591	592	593	594	595	969	597	298	599

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